### CURRENT ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

### ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION INCLUDING PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

<u>underscored</u> text indicates proposed changes

### **EXPLANATION**

### Name. Corporate Seat.

### Article 1.

The name of the company is: Fugro N.V. The company has its corporate seat in Leidschendam.

### Objects.

### Article 2.

The objects of the company are to participate in, conduct the management of and finance other enterprises with the same or similar objects or the object of which may be conducive to those of the company, to carry out measurements, to collect data and to provide information in the fields of soil mechanics, foundations engineering, geodesics, geology, oceanography and all allied fields, and furthermore to render advice and to conduct the management for the purposes of the design and execution of works and for the purposes of the exploration and exploitation of minerals, all this in the widest sense, and further to do all things that may be incidental or conducive to the foregoing, and finally to guarantee debts of third parties.

### Capital and Shares.

#### Article 3.

### Name. Corporate Seat.

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### Capital and Shares.

### Article 3.

The current authorised share capital amounts to EUR 16,000,000 and consists of various classes of shares. The number of ordinary shares within the authorised share capital amounts to

The authorized capital of the company is sixteen million euro (EUR 16,000,000).

The authorized capital is divided into:

- (i) ninety-six million (96,000,000) ordinary shares, with a nominal value of five euro cent (EUR 0.05) each;
- (ii) one hundred and sixty million (160,000,000) cumulative white-knight preference shares, with a nominal value of five euro cent (EUR 0.05) each, hereinafter called: protective preference shares;
- (iii) thirty-two million (32,000,000) cumulative financing preference shares, with a nominal value of five euro cent (EUR 0.05) each, which can be subdivided into two series of sixteen million (16,000,000) cumulative financing preference shares, series FP1 and FP2, hereinafter called: financing preference shares; and
- (iv) thirty-two million (32,000,000) cumulative convertible financing preference shares, with a

The authorized capital of the company is sixteen million euro (EUR 16,000,000).

The authorized capital is divided into:

- (i) one hundred and forty million
  (140,000,000) ordinary shares,
  with a nominal value of five euro
  cent (EUR 0.05) each;
- (ii) one hundred and sixty million (160,000,000) cumulative white-knight preference shares, with a nominal value of five euro cent (EUR 0.05) each, hereinafter called: protective preference shares;
- (iii) ten million (10,000,000)
  cumulative financing preference
  shares, with a nominal value of
  five euro cent (EUR 0.05) each,
  which can be subdivided into two
  series of five million (5,000,000)
  cumulative
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  series FP1 and FP2, hereinafter
  called: financing preference
  shares; and
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  cumulative convertible financing preference shares, with a

96,000,000 shares. The proposal is to increase the number of ordinary shares by decreasing the number of cumulative financing preference shares and the number of convertible financing preference shares. The aggregate amount of authorised share capital will remain unchanged.

nominal value of five euro cent (EUR 0.05) each, which can be subdivided into two series of sixteen million (16,000,000) cumulative financing preference shares, series CPA1 and CPA2, hereinafter called: convertible financing preference shares.

For the purposes of these articles the series of financing preference shares and the series of convertible financing preference shares are to be regarded as separate classes of shares.

3.2.

As soon as convertible financing preference shares become ordinary shares pursuant to the provisions of article 40, the number of convertible financing preference shares in the authorized capital shall decrease, and the number of ordinary shares in the authorized capital shall increase, by a number equal to the number of convertible financing preference shares that have as of that moment become ordinary shares. Any change in the subdivision of the authorized capital as referred to in the preceding sentence, shall be reported by the Board of

nominal value of five euro cent (EUR 0.05) each, which can be subdivided into two series of five million (5,000,000) cumulative financing preference shares, series CPA1 and CPA2, hereinafter called: convertible financing preference shares.

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3.2. As soon as convertible financing preference shares become ordinary shares pursuant to the provisions of article 40, the number of convertible financing preference shares in the authorized capital shall decrease, and the number of ordinary shares in the authorized capital shall increase, by a number equal to the number of convertible financing preference shares that have as of that moment become ordinary shares. Any change in the subdivision of the authorized capital as referred to in the preceding sentence, shall be reported by the Board of

commercial register within eight days.

3.3. Whenever reference is made in these articles to shares or shareholders, this shall be understood to include (holders of) ordinary shares, protective preference shares, financing preference shares and convertible financing preference shares, or the holders of ordinary shares, protective preference shares, financing preference shares and convertible financing preference shares, respectively, unless it explicitly appears

Management to the office of the

# <u>Issue of Shares. Right of Option in respect of Shares.</u>

otherwise from the articles.

### Article 4.

- 4.1. Shares shall be issued with the approval of the Supervisory Board pursuant to a resolution of the general meeting.
  - The general meeting may designate the Board of Management for a fixed period, not exceeding five years, as the body authorized to issue shares; as long as the Board of Management is authorized to issue shares, the general meeting may not pass a resolution to issue shares.

- Management to the office of the commercial register within eight days.
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# Issue of Shares. Right of Option in respect of Shares.

### Article 4.

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  - The general meeting may designate the Board of Management for a fixed period, not exceeding five years, as the body authorized to issue shares; as long as the Board of Management is authorized to issue shares, the general meeting may not pass a resolution to issue shares.

- 4.2. The body authorized to issue shares shall with the approval of the Supervisory Board, set the price and further conditions of issue, with due observance of the provisions contained in these articles. Shares shall never be issued below par, except in the case of an issue discount as referred to in section 2:80, subsection 2, of the Civil Code.
- 4.3. If the Board of Management has been designated as the body authorized to pass a resolution to issue, the number and the class of shares must be specified on such designation. The designation may be extended, from time to time, for periods not exceeding five years. Unless such designation provides otherwise, it may not be withdrawn.
- 4.4. A valid resolution of the general meeting to issue or to designate the Board of Management to do so, as referred to above, shall require, in addition to the approval of the Supervisory Board, a prior or simultaneous resolution of approval by each group of shareholders of the same class whose rights are prejudiced by the issue.

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4.5. The provisions of paragraphs 1 to 4 shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to the granting of rights to subscribe for shares, but shall not apply to the issue of shares to a person who exercises a previously-acquired right to subscribe for shares.

### <u>Publication of a Resolution to Issue and a</u> Resolution to Designate.

### Article 5.

- 5.1. Within eight days after a resolution of the general meeting to issue or to designate the Board of Management to do so, as referred to above, the Board of Management shall deposit the full text of such resolution at the office of the commercial register.
- 5.2. Within eight days after each issue of shares, the Board of Management shall report the same to the office of the commercial register, stating the number and class of the shares issued.
- 5.3. The provisions of the preceding paragraphs shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to the granting of rights to subscribe for shares, but shall not apply to the issue of shares to a person who exercises a previously-acquired right to subscribe for shares.

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- 5.2. Within eight days after each issue of shares, the Board of Management shall report the same to the office of the commercial register, stating the number and class of the shares issued.
- 5.3. The provisions of the preceding paragraphs shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to the granting of rights to subscribe for shares, but shall not apply to the issue of shares to a person who exercises a previously-acquired right to subscribe for shares.

### Payment on Shares.

### Article 6.

- 6.1. Ordinary shares, financing preference shares and convertible financing preference shares may be issued only against payment in full; protective preference shares may be issued against payment of a part of the nominal amount, with the proviso that the part of the nominal amount which must be paid shall be the same for each protective preference share, irrespective of the date of issue, and that upon subscription for the share at least one-fourth of the nominal amount must be paid.
- 6.2. Payment for shares must be made in cash unless another form of contribution has been agreed. Payment in a foreign currency may be made only with the agreement of the company.
- 6.3. The Board of Management may decide, with the approval of the Supervisory Board, on the day on which and the amount up to which further payments on partly-paid protective preference shares must have been made.

  Such a resolution must be notified forthwith to the holders of protective

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- 6.2. Payment for shares must be made in cash unless another form of contribution has been agreed. Payment in a foreign currency may be made only with the agreement of the company.
- 6.3. The Board of Management may decide, with the approval of the Supervisory Board, on the day on which and the amount up to which further payments on partly-paid protective preference shares must have been made.

  Such a resolution must be notified forthwith to the holders of protective

preference shares; the period between such notification and the day on which the payments must have been made must be at least thirty days.

### <u>Legal acts as meant in section 2:94 of the Civil</u> <u>Code.</u>

### Article 7.

Legal acts relating to a non-cash contribution on shares and other legal acts as referred to in section 2:94 of the Civil Code, may be performed by the Board of Management without prior approval of the general meeting.

### **Pre-Emption Right.**

### Article 8.

- 8.1. Without prejudice to the provisions of paragraph 2 of this article:
  - upon the issue of protective preference shares, none of the shareholders shall have a preemption right in respect of the shares to be issued;
  - b. upon the issue of a series of financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares, each holder of shares, with the exception of the holders of protective preference shares, shall have a pre-emption right in respect of the shares to be issued *pro rata*

preference shares; the period between such notification and the day on which the payments must have been made must be at least thirty days.

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  - b. upon the issue of a series of financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares, each holder of shares, with the exception of the holders of protective preference shares, shall have a pre-emption right in respect of the shares to be issued

- to the aggregate amount of his shares, without prejudice of the provisions of article 9;
- c. upon the issue of ordinary shares, each holder of ordinary shares and each holder of financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares shall have a pre-emption right in respect of the shares to be issued *pro rata* to the aggregate amount of his shares, without prejudice to the provisions of article 9.
- 8.2. The shareholders shall have no preemption right in respect of any shares to be issued against a non-cash contribution.

Neither shall the shareholders have a pre-emption right in respect of shares issued to employees of the company or of a legal person or company with which the company is united in a group.

8.3. The body authorized to issue shares shall, subject to the approval of the Supervisory Board and with due observance of this article, when passing the resolution to issue, determine the manner in which and the period during which the pre-emption right may be

- pro rata to the aggregate amount of his shares, without prejudice of the provisions of article 9;
- c. upon the issue of ordinary shares, each holder of ordinary shares and each holder of financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares shall have a pre-emption right in respect of the shares to be issued *pro rata* to the aggregate amount of his shares, without prejudice to the provisions of article 9.
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- exercised, with due observance of the provisions of this article.
- 8.4. A notice of any issue in respect of which there is a pre-emption right and the period during which the pre-emption right can be exercised, shall be published by the company simultaneously in the State Gazette and in a nationally distributed daily newspaper.

The pre-emption right may be exercised during a period of at least two weeks after the day of publication of such notice in the State Gazette.

8.5. The provisions of paragraph 1 of this article shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the granting of rights to subscribe for shares; the provisions of this article and of article 9 shall apply *mutatis mutandis*. The shareholders shall have no preemption right in respect of shares issued to a person who exercises a previously-acquired right to subscribe for shares.

# Exclusion and Restriction of the Pre-Emption Right.

### Article 9.

9.1. The pre-emption right in respect of ordinary shares, financing preference

- which the pre-emption right may be exercised, with due observance of the provisions of this article.
- 8.4. A notice of any issue in respect of which there is a pre-emption right and the period during which the pre-emption right can be exercised, shall be published by the company simultaneously in the State Gazette and in a nationally distributed daily newspaper.

The pre-emption right may be exercised during a period of at least two weeks after the day of publication of such notice in the State Gazette.

8.5. The provisions of paragraph 1 of this article shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the granting of rights to subscribe for shares; the provisions of this article and of article 9 shall apply *mutatis mutandis*. The shareholders shall have no preemption right in respect of shares issued to a person who exercises a previously-acquired right to subscribe for shares.

## **Exclusion and Restriction of the Pre-Emption Right.**

Article 9.

- shares and convertible financing preference shares may be restricted or excluded, subject to the approval of the Supervisory Board. In the proposal in respect thereof, the reasons for the proposal and the selection of the intended issue price shall be explained in writing.
- The pre-emption right may be restricted 9.2. or excluded only by virtue of a resolution of the general meeting, unless the Board of Management is authorized to do so. Such designation may be made by a resolution of the general meeting for a fixed period, not exceeding five years, however only if the Board of Management was also designated or is designated simultaneously as the corporate body authorized to issue shares. The designation may be extended, from time to time, for a period not exceeding five years. The designation shall remain valid only as long as the Board of Management is the corporate body authorized to issue shares. Unless the designation provides otherwise, it may not be withdrawn.
- 9.1. The pre-emption right in respect of ordinary shares, financing preference shares and convertible financing preference shares may be restricted or excluded, subject to the approval of the Supervisory Board. In the proposal in respect thereof, the reasons for the proposal and the selection of the intended issue price shall be explained in writing.
- The pre-emption right may be restricted 9.2. or excluded only by virtue of a resolution of the general meeting, unless the Board of Management is authorized to do so. Such designation may be made by a resolution of the general meeting for a fixed period, not exceeding five years, however only if the Board of Management was also designated or is designated simultaneously as the corporate body authorized to issue shares. The designation may be extended, from time to time, for a period not exceeding five years. The designation shall remain valid only as long as the Board of Management is the corporate body authorized to issue shares.

9.3. If less than one-half of the issued capital is represented at the meeting, a majority of at least two-thirds of the votes cast shall be required for a resolution by the general meeting to restrict or exclude the pre-emption right, as referred to in the preceding paragraph. Within eight days after the resolution, the Board of Management shall deposit the full text thereof at the office of the commercial register.

### <u>Acquisition of Own Shares. Pledge on Own</u> Shares.

### Article 10.

10.1. The Board of Management may, with the authorization of the general meeting, with due observance of the (other) provisions of section 2:98 of the Civil Code, and without prejudice to the provisions of section 2:98d of the Civil Code - relating to the acquisition of shares by a subsidiary - cause the company to acquire fully paid up shares in its own capital for valuable consideration.

The general meeting must specify in the authorization - which shall be valid for not more than eighteen months - the number of shares which may be

Unless the designation provides otherwise, it may not be withdrawn.

9.3. If less than one-half of the issued capital is represented at the meeting, a majority of at least two-thirds of the votes cast shall be required for a resolution by the general meeting to restrict or exclude the pre-emption right, as referred to in the preceding paragraph. Within eight days after the resolution, the Board of Management shall deposit the full text thereof at the office of the commercial register.

### Acquisition of Own Shares. Pledge on Own Shares.

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The general meeting must specify in the authorization - which shall be valid for

- acquired, the class of shares which may be acquired, the manner in which they may be acquired and the limits within which the price must be set.
- 10.2. The Board of Management may resolve, with the approval of the Supervisory Board, to dispose of shares acquired by the company in its own capital. No pre-emption right shall exist in respect of such disposal.
- 10.3. If depositary receipts have been issued for shares in the company, these shall for the purposes of the preceding paragraphs be ranked on a par with shares.
- 10.4. With due observance of section 2:89a of the Civil Code, the company may accept a pledge of its own shares or depositary receipts issued therefor.

### Consequences of the Holding of Own Shares. Article 11.

11.1. Shares held by the company in its own capital shall not entitle the company to any distribution in respect of such shares; neither shall shares in respect of which the company holds the depositary receipts issued therefor entitle the company to such distribution.

- not more than eighteen months the number of shares which may be acquired, the class of shares which may be acquired, the manner in which they may be acquired and the limits within which the price must be set.
- 10.2. The Board of Management may resolve, with the approval of the Supervisory Board, to dispose of shares acquired by the company in its own capital. No pre-emption right shall exist in respect of such disposal.
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issued therefor for the benefit of a
person other than the company.

- 11.2. No vote may be cast at the general meeting in respect of a share belonging to the company or to a subsidiary or in respect of a share in respect of which either of them holds the depositary receipts issued therefor. The voting rights of usufructuaries and pledgees of shares belonging to the company or to a subsidiary shall, however, not be excluded if the usufruct or the pledge was established before the share became the property of the company or the subsidiary, without prejudice to the provisions of article 14, paragraph 1. The company or a subsidiary may not vote on a share in respect of which it has a right of usufruct.
- 11.3. For the determination of the extent to which shareholders vote, are present or are represented, or of the extent to which the share capital is provided or

- depositary receipts issued therefor entitle the company to such distribution. For the computation of the amount to be distributed on each share, the shares referred to in the preceding sentence shall not be included, unless a usufruct or pledge has been established on such shares or on the depositary receipts issued therefor for the benefit of a person other than the company.
- 11.2. No vote may be cast at the general meeting in respect of a share belonging to the company or to a subsidiary or in respect of a share in respect of which either of them holds the depositary receipts issued therefor. The voting rights of usufructuaries and pledgees of shares belonging to the company or to a subsidiary shall, however, not be excluded if the usufruct or the pledge was established before the share became the property of the company or the subsidiary, without prejudice to the provisions of article 14, paragraph 1. The company or a subsidiary may not vote on a share in respect of which it has a right of usufruct.
- 11.3. For the determination of the extent to which shareholders vote, are present or

represented, the shares in respect of which the law provides that no vote may be cast, shall not be included.

### Reduction of the Capital.

### Article 12.

12.1. The general meeting may resolve to reduce the issued capital by a cancellation of shares or by a reduction of the nominal amount of the shares by means of an amendment to the articles. The shares referred to in such resolution must be designated therein and provisions for the implementation of the resolution must be made therein. Cancellation of shares with repayment or partial repayment or a release from the obligation to pay up, as referred to in section 2:99 of the Civil Code, may also take place solely in respect of ordinary shares or solely in respect of protective preference shares or solely in respect of financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares of a particular series. In the case of cancellation with repayment of financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares, the following amount

are represented, or of the extent to which the share capital is provided or represented, the shares in respect of which the law provides that no vote may be cast, shall not be included.

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shall be repaid on the series of shares in question:

- the amount paid up on the shares in question, including any share premium, plus:
- an amount equal to the dividend not yet paid for the period up to the date of cancellation of such shares.

Any partial repayment or release from the obligation to pay up must be made pro rata to all the shares of the class in question. The pro rata requirement may be waived if all shareholders concerned so agree.

The general meeting may, with the approval of the Board of Management, resolve to cancel with repayment all the protective preference shares and/or all the financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares of a particular series, regardless of by whom these are held, without prejudice to the provisions of paragraph 2.

12.2. If less than one-half of the issued capital is represented at the meeting, a resolution of the general meeting to reduce the capital shall require a majority of at least two-thirds of the

preference shares, the following amount shall be repaid on the series of shares in question:

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votes cast. A resolution to reduce the capital shall in addition require the prior or simultaneous approval by each group of shareholders of the same class whose rights are prejudiced; in respect of such resolution the provision of the first sentence of this paragraph shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

### Shareholders' Register.

### Article 13.

- 13.1. The shares shall be registered shares and numbered consecutively, the ordinary shares and each series of the financing preference shares and the convertible financing preference shares from 1 onwards, and the protective preference shares from B1 onwards.
- 13.2. No share certificates shall be issued.
- 13.3. The Board of Management shall keep a register of ordinary shares, a register of protective preference shares, a register of financing preference shares and a register of convertible financing preference shares, which registers shall together constitute the shareholders' register of the company.

  In these registers the names and addresses of the holders of shares of the specific class of shares shall be

majority of at least two-thirds of the votes cast. A resolution to reduce the capital shall in addition require the prior or simultaneous approval by each group of shareholders of the same class whose rights are prejudiced; in respect of such resolution the provision of the first sentence of this paragraph shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

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recorded, their addresses and the amount paid up on each share, including the amount paid on these shares as share premium, and each release from the liability for payments not yet made.

In the registers the names and addresses of those persons who according to a notification to the company have a right of usufruct or a pledge on the shares shall also be recorded, stating whether, in accordance with the provisions of article 14, the rights attaching to the shares according to subsections 2 and 4 of sections 2:88 and 2:89 of the Civil Code are vested in them and, if so, which rights.

- 13.4. The register shall be regularly kept upto-date.

  Each entry in the register shall be signed by a managing director.

  For the purposes of the preceding sentence, the facsimile of a signature shall be regarded as a hand-written
- 13.5. Upon request and at no cost the Board of Management shall provide a shareholder, a usufructuary and a

signature.

the specific class of shares shall be recorded, their addresses and the amount paid up on each share, including the amount paid on these shares as share premium, and each release from the liability for payments not yet made.

In the registers the names and addresses of those persons who according to a notification to the company have a right of usufruct or a pledge on the shares shall also be recorded, stating whether, in accordance with the provisions of article 14, the rights attaching to the shares according to subsections 2 and 4 of sections 2:88 and 2:89 of the Civil Code are vested in them and, if so, which rights.

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	pledgee with an extract from the register		shareholder, a usufructuary and a	
	in respect of his right to a share. If the		pledgee with an extract from the register	r
	share is subject to a right of usufruct or		in respect of his right to a share. If the	
	a pledge, the extract shall state in whom		share is subject to a right of usufruct or	
	in accordance with the provisions of		a pledge, the extract shall state in whom	ก
	article 14 the rights referred to in		in accordance with the provisions of	
	subsection 4 of sections 2:88 and 2:89		article 14 the rights referred to in	
	of the Civil Code are vested.		subsection 4 of sections 2:88 and 2:89	
13.6.	The Board of Management shall deposit		of the Civil Code are vested.	
	the register at the office of the company	13.6.	The Board of Management shall deposit	t
	for inspection by the shareholders and		the register at the office of the company	,
	by the pledgees and usufructuaries in		for inspection by the shareholders and	
	whom the rights referred to in		by the pledgees and usufructuaries in	
	subsection 4 of sections 2:88 and 2:89		whom the rights referred to in	
	of the Civil Code are vested. The		subsection 4 of sections 2:88 and 2:89	
	information in the shareholders' register		of the Civil Code are vested. The	
	concerning protective preference shares		information in the shareholders' register	•
	which have not been paid up in full shall		concerning protective preference shares	s
	be available for public inspection; a		which have not been paid up in full shall	ı
	copy or an extract of such information		be available for public inspection; a	
	shall be provided at no more than cost.		copy or an extract of such information	
13.7.	Each shareholder, each usufructuary		shall be provided at no more than cost.	
	and each pledgee is obliged to notify his	13.7.	Each shareholder, each usufructuary	
	address to the Board of Management.		and each pledgee is obliged to notify his	ŝ
13.8.	If shares belong to a community of		address to the Board of Management.	
	property, the joint participants may	13.8.	If shares belong to a community of	
	cause themselves to be presented vis-		property, the joint participants may	
	à-vis the company only by one person		cause themselves to be presented vis-	
	duly authorized by them in writing.			

### Pledge and Usufruct on Shares. Holders of Depositary Receipts.

### Article 14.

- 14.1. The shareholder shall have the right to vote on shares subject to a usufruct or pledge.
  - Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the right to vote on shares shall be vested in the usufructuary if so provided on the establishment of the usufruct and, if it concerns ordinary shares, the usufructuary is a person to whom, pursuant to the provisions of articles 17 to 19, the shares may be freely transferred.
- 14.2. A usufructuary without the right to vote and the pledgee shall not have the rights conferred by law upon the holders of depositary receipts issued for shares with the cooperation of the company.
- 14.3. Whenever hereinafter in these articles the term 'holders of depositary receipts' is used, this shall mean the holders of depositary receipts issued for shares with the cooperation of the company, and the persons in whom pursuant to subsection 4 of section 2:88 or section 2:89 of the Civil Code, in conjunction with the provisions of this article, the

à-vis the company only by one person duly authorized by them in writing.

### Pledge and Usufruct on Shares. Holders of Depositary Receipts.

### Article 14.

- 14.1. The shareholder shall have the right to vote on shares subject to a usufruct or pledge.
  - Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the right to vote on shares shall be vested in the usufructuary if so provided on the establishment of the usufruct and, if it concerns ordinary shares, the usufructuary is a person to whom, pursuant to the provisions of articles 17 to 19, the shares may be freely transferred.
- 14.2. A usufructuary without the right to vote and the pledgee shall not have the rights conferred by law upon the holders of depositary receipts issued for shares with the cooperation of the company.
- 14.3. Whenever hereinafter in these articles the term 'holders of depositary receipts' is used, this shall mean the holders of depositary receipts issued for shares with the cooperation of the company, and the persons in whom pursuant to subsection 4 of section 2:88 or section

rights conferred by law upon the holders of depositary receipts issued for shares with the cooperation of the company are vested.

### <u>Convening Notices and Notifications.</u> Article 15.

- 15.1. Without prejudice to the provisions of article 8, paragraph 4, and article 33, paragraph 2, all convening notices and notifications to shareholders or holders of depositary receipts shall be given in such manner as permitted by law including but not limited to an announcement published by electronic means -, as well as in accordance with the regulations of a stock exchange where the shares or depositary receipts are officially listed at the company's request.
- 15.2. Provided this is stated in the convening notice, notifications which pursuant to the law or these articles must be addressed to the general meeting, may be included in either the convening notice for a general meeting or in a document which will be deposited for inspection at the office of the company.

### <u>Transfer and Allocation of Shares.</u> Restrictions on the Transfer of Protective

2:89 of the Civil Code, in conjunction with the provisions of this article, the rights conferred by law upon the holders of depositary receipts issued for shares with the cooperation of the company are vested.

### **Convening Notices and Notifications. Article 15.**

- 15.1. Without prejudice to the provisions of article 8, paragraph 4, and article 33, paragraph 2, all convening notices and notifications to shareholders or holders of depositary receipts shall be given in such manner as permitted by law including but not limited to an announcement published by electronic means -, as well as in accordance with the regulations of a stock exchange where the shares or depositary receipts are officially listed at the company's request.
- 15.2. Provided this is stated in the convening notice, notifications which pursuant to the law or these articles must be addressed to the general meeting, may be included in either the convening notice for a general meeting or in a document which will be deposited for inspection at the office of the company.

# Preference Shares, Financing Preference Shares and Convertible Financing Preference Shares.

### Article 16.

16.1. The transfer of shares shall require an instrument intended for such purpose, as well as, save when the company is itself a party to the legal act, the written acknowledgement by the company of the transfer.

The acknowledgement shall be made in the instrument or by a dated statement on the instrument or on a copy or extract thereof mentioning the acknowledgement signed as a true copy by the notary or the transferor. Service of such instrument or such copy or extract upon the company shall be considered to have the same effect as an acknowledgement. In the case of a transfer of protective preference shares which have not been paid up in full, the acknowledgement may be made only if the instrument of transfer has a recorded, or otherwise fixed date.

16.2. In the case of protective preference shares which have not been paid up in full, the date of transfer shall also be

Transfer and Allocation of Shares.

Restrictions on the Transfer of Protective

Preference Shares, Financing Preference

Shares and Convertible Financing Preference

Shares.

### Article 16.

16.1. The transfer of shares shall require an instrument intended for such purpose, as well as, save when the company is itself a party to the legal act, the written acknowledgement by the company of the transfer.

The acknowledgement shall be made in the instrument or by a dated statement on the instrument or on a copy or extract thereof mentioning the acknowledgement signed as a true copy by the notary or the transferor. Service of such instrument or such copy or extract upon the company shall be considered to have the same effect as an acknowledgement. In the case of a transfer of protective preference shares which have not been paid up in full, the acknowledgement may be made only if the instrument of transfer has a recorded, or otherwise fixed date.

16.2. In the case of protective preference shares which have not been paid up in

	recorded in the shareholders' register		full, the date of transfer shall also be	
	referred to in article 13.		recorded in the shareholders' register	
16.3.	The provisions of the first and second		referred to in article 13.	
	paragraphs shall apply, mutatis	16.3.	The provisions of the first and second	
	mutandis, to the transfer of shares		paragraphs shall apply, mutatis	
	pursuant to the partition of a community		mutandis, to the transfer of shares	
	of property.		pursuant to the partition of a community	′
16.4.	The first sentence of paragraph 1 shall		of property.	
	also apply, mutatis mutandis, to the	16.4.	The first sentence of paragraph 1 shall	
	establishment and transfer of a right of		also apply, mutatis mutandis, to the	
	usufruct and to the establishment of a		establishment and transfer of a right of	
	pledge on shares.		usufruct and to the establishment of a	
16.5.	For each transfer of protective		pledge on shares.	
	preference shares, financing preference	16.5.	For each transfer of protective	
	shares and convertible financing		preference shares, financing preference	,
	preference shares the approval of the		shares and convertible financing	
	Board of Management shall be required.		preference shares the approval of the	
	The request for the approval shall be		Board of Management shall be required.	١.
	made in writing stating the name of the		The request for the approval shall be	
	intended acquirer of the shares in		made in writing stating the name of the	
	question.		intended acquirer of the shares in	
16.6.	If the request for approval is refused,		question.	
	the Board of Management must	16.6.	If the request for approval is refused,	
	simultaneously designate one or more		the Board of Management must	
	prospective purchasers who are willing		simultaneously designate one or more	
	and able to purchase for cash all of the		prospective purchasers who are willing	
	protective preference shares, all of the		and able to purchase for cash all of the	
	financing preference shares or all of the		protective preference shares, all of the	

financing preference shares or all of the

convertible financing preference shares

	to which the request for approval		convertible financing preference shares	
	relates, at a price to be set by the		to which the request for approval	
	transferor and the Board of		relates, at a price to be set by the	
	Management by common accord within		transferor and the Board of	
	two months after such designation.		Management by common accord within	
16.7.	If the transferor has not within three		two months after such designation.	
	months after the receipt by the company	16.7.	If the transferor has not within three	
	of the request for approval of the		months after the receipt by the company	
	intended transfer received a written		of the request for approval of the	
	notification from the company		intended transfer received a written	
	concerning this request, or if a		notification from the company	
	simultaneous timely written refusal of		concerning this request, or if a	
	the approval is not accompanied by the		simultaneous timely written refusal of	
	designation of one or more prospective		the approval is not accompanied by the	
	purchasers as referred to in paragraph		designation of one or more prospective	
	6, then the approval of the transfer shall		purchasers as referred to in paragraph	
	after the expiration of the		6, then the approval of the transfer shall	
	aforementioned period or after the		after the expiration of the	
	receipt of such notification of refusal be		aforementioned period or after the	
	deemed to have been granted.		receipt of such notification of refusal be	
16.8.	If within two months of the refusal of the		deemed to have been granted.	
	approval no agreement has been	16.8.	If within two months of the refusal of the	
	reached between the transferor and the		approval no agreement has been	
	Board of Management concerning the		reached between the transferor and the	
	price referred to in paragraph 6, this		Board of Management concerning the	
	price shall be set by an expert to be		price referred to in paragraph 6, this	
	appointed by the transferor and the		price shall be set by an expert to be	
	Board of Management by common		appointed by the transferor and the	
	accord, and failing agreement		Board of Management by common	

	concerning this within three months		accord, and failing agreement	
	after the refusal of the approval, by the		concerning this within three months	
	president of the Chamber of Commerce		after the refusal of the approval, by the	
	and Industry of The Hague at the		president of the Chamber of Commerce	
	request of either party. In the case of		and Industry of The Hague at the	
	financing preference shares or		request of either party. In the case of	
	convertible financing preference shares,		financing preference shares or	
	the expert shall set the price using as a		convertible financing preference shares,	
	guideline the value which with due		the expert shall set the price using as a	
	observance of article 36, paragraph 4, is		guideline the value which with due	
	to be attached to the shares in question.		observance of article 36, paragraph 4, is	
6.9.	The transferor shall have the right to		to be attached to the shares in question.	
	decide not to proceed with the transfer,	16.9.	The transferor shall have the right to	
	provided he notifies such in writing to		decide not to proceed with the transfer,	
	the Board of Management within one		provided he notifies such in writing to	
	month after having been informed of		the Board of Management within one	
	both the name of the designated		month after having been informed of	
	prospective purchaser or purchasers		both the name of the designated	
	and the price as set.		prospective purchaser or purchasers	
6.10.	In case of approval of the transfer within		and the price as set.	
	the meaning of paragraph 5 or	16.10.	In case of approval of the transfer within	
	paragraph 7, the transferor shall have		the meaning of paragraph 5 or	
	the right during a period of three months		paragraph 7, the transferor shall have	
	after such approval, to transfer all of the		the right during a period of three months	
	protective preference shares, all of the		after such approval, to transfer all of the	
	financing preference shares or all of the		protective preference shares, all of the	
	convertible financing preference shares		financing preference shares or all of the	
	to which the request for approval		convertible financing preference shares	
			to which the request for approval	

- related, to the acquirer mentioned in the request.
- 16.11. The costs relating to the transfer incurred by the company may be charged to the new acquirer.

### Restrictions on the Transfer of Ordinary Shares.

### Article 17.

- 17.1. Ordinary shares may be transferred only to natural persons. Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding sentence, the transfer of ordinary shares shall not be possible if and insofar as the acquirer either alone or under a mutual collaboration scheme jointly with one or more others, natural persons and/or legal persons, either directly or otherwise than as a holder of depositary receipts issued for shares with the cooperation of the company indirectly:
  - A. is the holder of ordinary shares to a nominal amount of one per cent or more of the total capital of the company issued in the form of ordinary shares; or
  - B. through such transfer would acquire more than one per cent of the total capital of the

- related, to the acquirer mentioned in the request.
- 16.11. The costs relating to the transfer incurred by the company may be charged to the new acquirer.

### Restrictions on the Transfer of Ordinary Shares.

### Article 17.

- 17.1. Ordinary shares may be transferred only to natural persons. Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding sentence, the transfer of ordinary shares shall not be possible if and insofar as the acquirer either alone or under a mutual collaboration scheme jointly with one or more others, natural persons and/or legal persons, either directly or otherwise than as a holder of depositary receipts issued for shares with the cooperation of the company indirectly:
  - A. is the holder of ordinary shares to a nominal amount of one per cent or more of the total capital of the company issued in the form of ordinary shares; or
  - B. through such transfer would acquire more than one per cent of the total capital of the

	company issued in the form of		company issued in the form of	
	ordinary shares.		ordinary shares.	
17.2.	For the purposes of the preceding	17.2.	For the purposes of the preceding	
	sentence the holding of shares and the		sentence the holding of shares and the	
	acquisition of shares shall also include		acquisition of shares shall also include	
	the holding of a right of usufruct and the		the holding of a right of usufruct and the	
	acquisition of a right of usufruct		acquisition of a right of usufruct	
	respectively, and this insofar as the		respectively, and this insofar as the	
	voting right is vested in the		voting right is vested in the	
	usufructuary.		usufructuary.	
17.3.	For the purposes of the provisions of	17.3.	For the purposes of the provisions of	
	the first paragraph of this article, the		the first paragraph of this article, the	
	subscription for ordinary shares upon an		subscription for ordinary shares upon an	
	issue of shares – whether or not in the		issue of shares – whether or not in the	
	form of stock dividends and/or bonus		form of stock dividends and/or bonus	
	shares – and upon the exercising of a		shares – and upon the exercising of a	
	right to subscribe for ordinary shares		right to subscribe for ordinary shares	
	shall be considered equivalent to a		shall be considered equivalent to a	
	transfer of ordinary shares; for the		transfer of ordinary shares; for the	
	determination of the amount of the		determination of the amount of the	
	issued capital the shares to be		issued capital the shares to be	
	subscribed for shall be included.		subscribed for shall be included.	
17.4.	Notwithstanding the provisions of	17.4.	Notwithstanding the provisions of	
	paragraph 3, it shall be permitted that a		paragraph 3, it shall be permitted that a	
	shareholder who holds more than one		shareholder who holds more than one	
	per cent of the capital issued in the form		per cent of the capital issued in the form	
	of ordinary shares, by subscribing for		of ordinary shares, by subscribing for	
	ordinary shares upon an issue of		ordinary shares upon an issue of	
	shares, will acquire more ordinary		shares, will acquire more ordinary	

shares than one per cent of the total amount of the capital issued in the form of ordinary shares, after such issue, however up to at most a percentage of the amount by which the capital issued in the form of ordinary shares will be increased by such issue. The percentage referred to in the preceding sentence shall be equal to the percentage of the capital issued in the form of ordinary shares held by the shareholder prior to the issue.

#### Exemptions.

#### Article 18.

The provisions of article 17 shall not be applicable to:

- the transfer of ordinary shares to the company itself or to a subsidiary of the company;
- b. the transfer or issue of ordinary shares to, or the exercise of a right to subscribe for ordinary shares by, a trust office [administratiekantoor] or to another legal person, if in respect of such trust office or such other legal person the Board of Management with the approval of the Supervisory Board by an irrevocable resolution has wholly or partially lifted the restrictions limiting the transfer or issue of

shares than one per cent of the total amount of the capital issued in the form of ordinary shares, after such issue, however up to at most a percentage of the amount by which the capital issued in the form of ordinary shares will be increased by such issue. The percentage referred to in the preceding sentence shall be equal to the percentage of the capital issued in the form of ordinary shares held by the shareholder prior to the issue.

### Exemptions.

#### Article 18.

The provisions of article 17 shall not be applicable to:

- the transfer of ordinary shares to the company itself or to a subsidiary of the company;
- b. the transfer or issue of ordinary shares to, or the exercise of a right to subscribe for ordinary shares by, a trust office [administratiekantoor] or to another legal person, if in respect of such trust office or such other legal person the Board of Management with the approval of the Supervisory Board by an irrevocable resolution has wholly or partially lifted the restrictions limiting the transfer or issue of

- ordinary shares, to which lifting of restrictions conditions may be attached; in respect of another legal person as referred to above, such restrictions may be lifted only to the extent that such may be required to permit that legal person to avail itself of the facility of the participation exemption, as at present provided for in section 13 of the Corporation Tax Act 1969 [Wet op de Vennootschapsbelasting 1969].
- the transfer of ordinary shares acquired by the company itself or the issue by the company of ordinary shares, if such transfer or issue takes place within the framework of either a collaborative arrangement with or the acquisition of another enterprise, or a legal merger, or the acquisition of a participating interest or the expansion thereof, in respect of which the Board of Management with the approval of the Supervisory Board by an irrevocable resolution has wholly or partially lifted the restrictions limiting the transfer or issue of ordinary shares, to which lifting of restrictions conditions may be attached;
- the transfer or transmission of ordinary shares to shareholders who on the thirtyfirst of March nineteen hundred and ninety-

- ordinary shares, to which lifting of restrictions conditions may be attached; in respect of another legal person as referred to above, such restrictions may be lifted only to the extent that such may be required to permit that legal person to avail itself of the facility of the participation exemption, as at present provided for in section 13 of the Corporation Tax Act 1969 [Wet op de Vennootschapsbelasting 1969].
- c. the transfer of ordinary shares acquired by the company itself or the issue by the company of ordinary shares, if such transfer or issue takes place within the framework of either a collaborative arrangement with or the acquisition of another enterprise, or a legal merger, or the acquisition of a participating interest or the expansion thereof, in respect of which the Board of Management with the approval of the Supervisory Board by an irrevocable resolution has wholly or partially lifted the restrictions limiting the transfer or issue of ordinary shares, to which lifting of restrictions conditions may be attached;
- the transfer or transmission of ordinary shares to shareholders who on the thirtyfirst of March nineteen hundred and ninety-

- two were recorded in the shareholders' register referred to in article 13 as shareholder of the company, if in respect of such transfer or transmission the Board of Management, with the approval of the Supervisory Board, by an irrevocable resolution has wholly or partially lifted the restrictions limiting the transfer of ordinary shares, to which lifting of restrictions conditions may be attached;
- e. the transfer or transmission of ordinary shares to group companies of legal personshareholders who on the thirty-first of March nineteen hundred and ninety-two were recorded in the shareholders' register referred to in article 13 as shareholder of the company, if in respect of such transfer or transmission the Board of Management, with the approval of the Supervisory Board, by an irrevocable resolution has wholly or partially lifted the restrictions limiting the transfer of ordinary shares, to which lifting of restrictions conditions may be attached.

### <u>Indirect Acquisition. Acquisition through</u> <u>Merger.</u>

### Article 19.

19.1. If a natural person or a legal person – otherwise than as a holder of depositary receipts for shares issued with the

- two were recorded in the shareholders' register referred to in article 13 as shareholder of the company, if in respect of such transfer or transmission the Board of Management, with the approval of the Supervisory Board, by an irrevocable resolution has wholly or partially lifted the restrictions limiting the transfer of ordinary shares, to which lifting of restrictions conditions may be attached;
- e. the transfer or transmission of ordinary shares to group companies of legal personshareholders who on the thirty-first of March nineteen hundred and ninety-two were recorded in the shareholders' register referred to in article 13 as shareholder of the company, if in respect of such transfer or transmission the Board of Management, with the approval of the Supervisory Board, by an irrevocable resolution has wholly or partially lifted the restrictions limiting the transfer of ordinary shares, to which lifting of restrictions conditions may be attached.

### Indirect Acquisition. Acquisition through Merger.

### Article 19.

19.1. If a natural person or a legal person – otherwise than as a holder of depositary receipts for shares issued with the

cooperation of the company – indirectly acquires ordinary shares in the capital of the company through:

- a. the direct or indirect acquisition of more than one half of the shares in the capital of a legal person who holds ordinary shares in the capital of the company; or
- b. the acquisition insofar as the provisions of article 17, paragraph 4, or article 18 are not applicable to such acquisition of ordinary shares by a legal person of which the natural person or legal person referred to above directly or indirectly holds more than one half of the shares:

and if the nominal amount of ordinary shares in the company held by said natural person or legal person directly or indirectly after an acquisition as referred to above in subparagraph a. or b. exceeds the limit referred to in article 17, paragraph 1, sub-paragraph A, then the legal person referred to above in subparagraph a. or b., as the case may be, shall be obliged to dispose of such

cooperation of the company – indirectly acquires ordinary shares in the capital of the company through:

- a. the direct or indirect acquisition
   of more than one half of the
   shares in the capital of a legal
   person who holds ordinary
   shares in the capital of the
   company; or
- b. the acquisition insofar as the provisions of article 17, paragraph 4, or article 18 are not applicable to such acquisition of ordinary shares by a legal person of which the natural person or legal person referred to above directly or indirectly holds more than one half of the shares;

and if the nominal amount of ordinary shares in the company held by said natural person or legal person directly or indirectly after an acquisition as referred to above in subparagraph a. or b. exceeds the limit referred to in article 17, paragraph 1, sub-paragraph A, then the legal person referred to above in subparagraph a. or b., as the case may be, shall be obliged to dispose of such

number of its ordinary shares that the
ordinary shares held directly and/or
indirectly by the natural person or legal
person referred to in the opening
sentence of this paragraph shall be
reduced to the afore-mentioned limit of
one per cent.

- 19.2. If a legal person as a result of a transfer of ownership under universal title acquires ordinary shares to an amount exceeding the limit referred to in article 17, paragraph 1, sub-paragraph A, such legal person shall be obliged to dispose of such number of ordinary shares in the capital of the company that the nominal amount of the ordinary shares held by him does not exceed the limit referred to in article 17, paragraph 1, sub-paragraph A.
- 19.3. A disposal, as referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, must take place immediately after the obligation to do so has arisen. As long as the ordinary shares which pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2 must be disposed of has not taken place, the shareholder obliged to dispose of the shares shall not be entitled to exercise the rights to attend meetings and cast votes on his ordinary shares and his

- number of its ordinary shares that the ordinary shares held directly and/or indirectly by the natural person or legal person referred to in the opening sentence of this paragraph shall be reduced to the afore-mentioned limit of one per cent.
- 19.2. If a legal person as a result of a transfer of ownership under universal title acquires ordinary shares to an amount exceeding the limit referred to in article 17, paragraph 1, sub-paragraph A, such legal person shall be obliged to dispose of such number of ordinary shares in the capital of the company that the nominal amount of the ordinary shares held by him does not exceed the limit referred to in article 17, paragraph 1, sub-paragraph A.
- 19.3. A disposal, as referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, must take place immediately after the obligation to do so has arisen.

  As long as the ordinary shares which pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2 must be disposed of has not taken place, the shareholder obliged to dispose of the shares shall not be entitled to exercise the rights to attend meetings and cast votes on his ordinary shares and his

- rights to receive dividends on his ordinary shares shall be suspended.
- 19.4. If a legal person who pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 1 or a legal person who pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2, as the case may be, is obliged to dispose of ordinary shares hereinafter called: the offeror - fails to fulfil his obligation within three months after having been informed of such failure by the Board of Management by registered letter, then the company shall be irrevocably authorized and, if the offeror requests this, shall be obliged to proceed to such disposal at a price at least corresponding with the price at which the depositary receipts issued for ordinary shares in the company appear on the list of the Amsterdam Stock Exchange on the day of the disposal, and failing such price, at a price to be determined by an accountant as referred to in article 35 to be appointed at the request of the Board of Management by the president of the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of The Hague.
  - If the offeror fails to render cooperation in the transfer within fourteen days after

- rights to receive dividends on his ordinary shares shall be suspended.
- If a legal person who pursuant to the 19.4. provisions of paragraph 1 or a legal person who pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2, as the case may be, is obliged to dispose of ordinary shares hereinafter called: the offeror - fails to fulfil his obligation within three months after having been informed of such failure by the Board of Management by registered letter, then the company shall be irrevocably authorized and, if the offeror requests this, shall be obliged to proceed to such disposal at a price at least corresponding with the price at which the depositary receipts issued for ordinary shares in the company appear on the list of the Amsterdam Stock Exchange on the day of the disposal, and failing such price, at a price to be determined by an accountant as referred to in article 35 to be appointed at the request of the Board of Management by the president of the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of The Hague.

If the offeror fails to render cooperation in the transfer within fourteen days after

the Board of Management has informed him by registered letter of the aforementioned disposal, then the company shall be irrevocably authorized to sign the deed of transfer on his behalf.

The company shall ensure that the offeror will receive the purchase price for the transferred shares without delay.

### **Board of Management.**

#### Article 20.

- 20.1. The company shall be managed, under the supervision of a Supervisory Board, by a Board of Management consisting of one or more managing directors whose number shall be set by the Supervisory Board. If there is more than one managing director, the Supervisory Board may appoint one of the managing directors as chairman of the Board of Management. If there is a chairman of the Board of Management, he shall preside over the meetings of the Board of Management.
- 20.2. The Board of Management may, with due observance of these articles, frame a set of rules regulating its internal affairs. The managing directors may

the Board of Management has informed him by registered letter of the aforementioned disposal, then the company shall be irrevocably authorized to sign the deed of transfer on his behalf.

The company shall ensure that the offeror will receive the purchase price for the transferred shares without delay.

### **Board of Management.**

### Article 20.

- 20.1. The company shall be managed, under the supervision of a Supervisory Board, by a Board of Management consisting of one or more managing directors whose number shall be set by the Supervisory Board. If there is more than one managing director, the Supervisory Board may appoint one of the managing directors as chairman of the Board of Management. If there is a chairman of the Board of Management, he shall preside over the meetings of the Board of Management.
- 20.2. The Board of Management may, with due observance of these articles, frame a set of rules regulating its internal affairs. The managing directors may

	also, whether or not by rules, distribute		also, whether or not by rules, distribute
	their duties among themselves.		their duties among themselves.
20.3.	The Board of Management shall meet	20.3.	The Board of Management shall meet
	whenever requested to do so by one of		whenever requested to do so by one of
	the managing directors. All resolutions		the managing directors. All resolutions
	of the Board of Management shall be		of the Board of Management shall be
	passed by an absolute majority of the		passed by an absolute majority of the
	votes cast.		votes cast.
	A managing director shall not participate		A managing director shall not participate
	in the deliberations and voting if he or		in the deliberations and voting if he or
	she has a direct or indirect personal		she has a direct or indirect personal
	interest that conflicts with the interest of		interest that conflicts with the interest of
	the company and its enterprise. If no		the company and its enterprise. If no
	decision can be made because all		decision can be made because all
	managing directors are conflicted as		managing directors are conflicted as
	meant in the previous sentence, the		meant in the previous sentence, the
	Supervisory Board shall decide. If there		Supervisory Board shall decide. If there
	is a tie in voting, the Supervisory Board		is a tie in voting, the Supervisory Board
	shall decide.		shall decide.
20.4.	The approval of the Supervisory Board	20.4.	The approval of the Supervisory Board
	shall be required for Board of		shall be required for Board of
	Management resolutions relating to the		Management resolutions relating to the
	following matters:		following matters:
	a. issue, acquisition and		a. issue, acquisition and
	cancellation of shares in the		cancellation of shares in the
	capital of the company and		capital of the company and
	debt instruments issued by the		debt instruments issued by the
	company;		company;

- b. cooperation in the issue of depositary receipts for shares;c. application for listing or
- c. application for listing or withdrawal of the listing of the shares, debt instruments and depositary receipts referred to above in subparagraphs a. and b. on the official list of any exchange;
- d. entry into or termination of a continuing direct cooperation with another company or legal person, if such cooperation or the termination thereof is of farreaching significance for the company;
- e. direct or indirect acquisition of a participating interest by the company in the capital of another company, the value of which equals at least the sum of one-quarter of the issued capital and the reserves of the company, as shown in its balance sheet with explanatory notes and a far-reaching change in the size of any such participating interest;

- cooperation in the issue of depositary receipts for shares;
- c. application for listing or withdrawal of the listing of the shares, debt instruments and depositary receipts referred to above in subparagraphs a. and b. on the official list of any exchange;
- d. entry into or termination of a continuing direct cooperation with another company or legal person, if such cooperation or the termination thereof is of far-reaching significance for the company;
- e. direct or indirect acquisition of a participating interest by the company in the capital of another company, the value of which equals at least the sum of one-quarter of the issued capital and the reserves of the company, as shown in its balance sheet with explanatory notes and a farreaching change in the size of any such participating interest;

f.	investments requiring an	f.	investments requiring an	
	amount equal to at least one-		amount equal to at least one-	
	quarter of the issued capital		quarter of the issued capital	
	and the reserves of the		and the reserves of the	
	company as shown in its		company as shown in its	
	balance sheet with explanatory		balance sheet with	
	notes;		explanatory notes;	
g.	a proposal to amend the	g.	a proposal to amend the	
	articles;		articles;	
h.	a proposal to wind up the	h.	a proposal to wind up the	
	company;		company;	
i.	application for involuntary	i.	application for involuntary	
	liquidation and for a moratorium		liquidation and for a	
	of payments;		moratorium of payments;	
j.	termination of the employment	j.	termination of the employment	
	contract of a considerable		contract of a considerable	
	number of employees of the		number of employees of the	
	company or of a dependent		company or of a dependent	
	company at the same time or		company at the same time or	
	within a short time span;		within a short time span;	
k.	a far-reaching change in the	k.	a far-reaching change in the	
	working conditions of a		working conditions of a	
	considerable number of		considerable number of	
	employees of the company or		employees of the company or	
	of a dependant company;		of a dependant company;	
l.	a proposal to reduce the issued	I.	a proposal to reduce the	
	capital;		issued capital;	
m.	exercise of voting right on	m.	exercise of voting right on	
	shares and other voting		shares and other voting	

securities, insofar as it concerns resolutions concerning the granting of authorization or approval to the managing board of a company of which the company holds shares or other voting securities, and further insofar as it concerns resolutions which the Board of Management of the company itself can pass only with the approval of the Supervisory Board of the company.

For the purposes of subparagraphs j. and k. of this paragraph, the term employees shall be understood to include the employees employed by a legal person in which the company has a participating interest of at least one-half of the issued capital.

20.5. Without prejudice to what has been provided in these articles of association, the approval of the Supervisory Board and the general meeting is furthermore required for resolutions of the Board of Management regarding a significant change in the identity or nature of the

securities, insofar as it concerns resolutions concerning the granting of authorization or approval to the managing board of a company of which the company holds shares or other voting securities, and further insofar as it concerns resolutions which the Board of Management of the company itself can pass only with the approval of the Supervisory Board of the company.

For the purposes of subparagraphs j. and k. of this paragraph, the term employees shall be understood to include the employees employed by a legal person in which the company has a participating interest of at least one-half of the issued capital.

20.5. Without prejudice to what has been provided in these articles of association, the approval of the Supervisory Board and the general meeting is furthermore required for resolutions of the Board of Management regarding a significant change in the identity or nature of the

company or the enterprise, including in any event:

- a. the transfer of the enterprise or practically the entire enterprise to a third party;
- b. to conclude or cancel any longlasting cooperation by the company or a (dochtermaatschappij) with any other legal person or company or as a fully liable general partner of a limited partnership or a general partnership, provided that such cooperation or the cancellation thereof is of essential importance to the company;
- c. to acquire or dispose of a participating interest in the capital of a company with a value of at least one/third of the sum of the assets according to the consolidated balance sheet with explanatory notes thereto according to the last adopted annual accounts of the company, by the company or a subsidiary (dochtermaatschappii).

company or the enterprise, including in any event:

- a. the transfer of the enterprise or practically the entire enterprise to a third party;
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- c. to acquire or dispose of a participating interest in the capital of a company with a value of at least one/third of the sum of the assets according to the consolidated balance sheet with explanatory notes thereto according to the last adopted annual accounts of the company, by the company or a subsidiary (dochtermaatschappij).

20.6.	The Supervisory Board may subject to	20.6.	The Supervisory Board may subject to	
	its approval specific resolutions of the		its approval specific resolutions of the	
	Board of Management, to be clearly		Board of Management, to be clearly	
	defined in the resolution adopted by the		defined in the resolution adopted by the	
	Supervisory Board to that effect.		Supervisory Board to that effect.	
20.7.	The Board of Management shall each	20.7.	The Board of Management shall each	
	year before such date as the		year before such date as the	
	Supervisory Board shall set, draw up a		Supervisory Board shall set, draw up a	
	budget and submit this plan to the		budget and submit this plan to the	
	Supervisory Board for its approval.		Supervisory Board for its approval.	
20.8.	Managing directors and all other	20.8.	Managing directors and all other	
	persons in the employment of the		persons in the employment of the	
	company or providing services to the		company or providing services to the	
	company, carrying out inspections or		company, carrying out inspections or	
	investigations or studies or drawing up		investigations or studies or drawing up	
	recommendations and reports or taking		recommendations and reports or taking	
	cognizance of the same, shall both at		cognizance of the same, shall both at	
	such time and in the future towards all		such time and in the future towards all	
	persons with the exception of the		persons with the exception of the	
	commissioning party observe secrecy in		commissioning party observe secrecy in	
	respect of the nature, content and		respect of the nature, content and	
	purport of such inspections,		purport of such inspections,	
	investigations or studies or such		investigations or studies or such	
	recommendations or reports.		recommendations or reports.	
20.9.	The lack of approval by the Supervisory	20.9.	The lack of approval by the Supervisory	
	Board for a Board of Management		Board for a Board of Management	
	resolution as referred to in this article		resolution as referred to in this article	
	cannot be invoked by or against third		cannot be invoked by or against third	
	parties.		parties.	

# Appointment, Suspension and Removal of Managing Directors.

#### Article 21.

- 21.1. Managing directors shall be appointed by the general meeting and with due observance of sections 2:132a and 2:166 Civil Code.
  - A managing director is appointed for a maximum period of four years, provided that, unless a managing director resigns earlier, his appointment period shall end immediately after the annual general meeting that will be held in the fourth calendar year after the date of his appointment. A managing director may be reappointed for a term of not more than four years at a time, with due observance of the provision in the previous sentence. The Supervisory Board may draw up a resignation schedule for the managing directors.
- 21.2. If one or more managing directors are to be appointed, the Supervisory Board shall make a binding proposal, as referred to in the previous sentence.

  The Board of Management shall invite the Supervisory Board to make a proposal, which proposal needs to

# Appointment, Suspension and Removal of Managing Directors.

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- 21.2. If one or more managing directors are to be appointed, the Supervisory Board shall make a binding proposal, as referred to in the previous sentence. The Board of Management shall invite the Supervisory Board to make a proposal, which proposal needs to

provide the name of, and information on, at least one person.

The general meeting may at all times overrule the binding nature of a proposal by a resolution adopted by an absolute majority of the votes cast, provided such majority represents more than one/thirds of the issued share capital. If this proportion of the capital of at least one/thirds as referred in the previous sentence is not represented at the meeting, but an absolute majority of the votes cast is in favour of a resolution to cancel the binding nature of a nomination, a new meeting may be convened at which the resolution may be passed by an absolute majority of the votes cast, regardless of the proportion of the capital represented at the meeting.

The proposal shall be included in the notice convening the general meeting at which the appointment shall be considered. If a proposal has not been made or has not been made in due time, the general meeting may appoint a managing director at its discretion.

21.3. Unless at the proposal of the Supervisory Board, a resolution to provide the name of, and information on, at least one person.

The general meeting may at all times overrule the binding nature of a proposal by a resolution adopted by an absolute majority of the votes cast, provided such majority represents more than one/thirds of the issued share capital. If this proportion of the capital of at least one/thirds as referred in the previous sentence is not represented at the meeting, but an absolute majority of the votes cast is in favour of a resolution to cancel the binding nature of a nomination, a new meeting may be convened at which the resolution may be passed by an absolute majority of the votes cast, regardless of the proportion of the capital represented at the meeting.

The proposal shall be included in the notice convening the general meeting at which the appointment shall be considered. If a proposal has not been made or has not been made in due time, the general meeting may appoint a managing director at its discretion.

21.3. Unless at the proposal of the Supervisory Board, a resolution to suspend or remove a managing director may be passed only by the general meeting with a majority of two-thirds of the votes cast, such majority representing more than one-half of the issued capital.

Concerning matters as referred to in this paragraph and in the preceding paragraph, it shall not be permitted to convene a second general meeting pursuant to section 2:120, subsection 3, of the Civil Code.

21.4. If either the general meeting or the Supervisory Board has suspended a managing director, then the general meeting must resolve within three months after the effective date of the suspension, either resolve to remove the managing director, or to set aside or maintain the suspension, failing which the suspension shall cease. A resolution to maintain the suspension may be passed only once and the suspension may be maintained for a period not exceeding three months as from the day on which the general meeting has passed the resolution to maintain the suspension.

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If the general meeting has not resolved within the period set for the maintaining of the suspension either to remove the managing director or to set aside the suspension, the suspension shall cease.

- 21.5. A suspended managing director shall be afforded the opportunity to justify himself at the general meeting and to be assisted thereat by counsel.
- 21.6. In the event of one or more managing directors being absent or prevented from acting, the remaining managing directors or the only remaining managing director shall be temporarily charged with the entire management of the company.

In the event of all the managing directors or the only managing director being absent or prevented from acting, the Supervisory Board shall be temporarily charged with the management; the Supervisory Board shall in such event be empowered to designate one or more temporary managing directors.

In the event of absence the Supervisory Board shall as soon as possible proceed to such measures as are If the general meeting has not resolved within the period set for the maintaining of the suspension either to remove the managing director or to set aside the suspension, the suspension shall cease.

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In the event of absence the Supervisory Board shall as soon as possible proceed to such measures as are

- necessary in order that a definitive filling of the vacancy or vacancies may be effected.
- 21.7. The company has a policy in the area of remuneration of the Board of Management. The policy will be adopted by the general meeting at the proposal of the Supervisory Board.
- 21.8. The Supervisory Board shall determine the remuneration of the individual managing directors, within the scope of the remuneration policy referred to in the previous paragraph. The Supervisory Board will submit for approval by the general meeting a proposal regarding the arrangements in the form of shares or rights to acquire shares. This proposal includes at least how many shares or rights to acquire shares may be awarded to the Board of Management and which criteria apply to an award or a modification.

#### <u>Persons Holding Procuration.</u> Article 22.

The Board of Management may grant to one or more persons, whether or not in the employment of the company, procuration or otherwise permanent representative authority, and may confer upon one or more persons, as referred to

- necessary in order that a definitive filling of the vacancy or vacancies may be effected.
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- 21.8. The Supervisory Board shall determine the remuneration of the individual managing directors, within the scope of the remuneration policy referred to in the previous paragraph. The Supervisory Board will submit for approval by the general meeting a proposal regarding the arrangements in the form of shares or rights to acquire shares. This proposal includes at least how many shares or rights to acquire shares may be awarded to the Board of Management and which criteria apply to an award or a modification.

#### **Persons Holding Procuration.**

#### Article 22.

The Board of Management may grant to one or more persons, whether or not in the employment of the company, procuration or otherwise permanent representative authority, and may confer upon one or more persons, as referred to above and also to others, provided that they are in the company's employment, the title of managing director or deputy managing director or such other title as the Board of Management shall deem fit.

#### Representation.

#### Article 23.

The authority to represent the company shall be vested in each managing director separately.

# <u>Indemnification managing directors and</u> supervisory directors.

#### Article 23A.

Unless Dutch law provides otherwise, the following shall be reimbursed to current and former managing directors and supervisory directors:

- reasonable costs of conducting a defence against claims based on acts or failures to act in the exercise of their duties or any other duties currently or previously performed by them at the company's request;
- (ii) any damages or fines payable by them as a result of an act or failure to act as referred to under (i);
- (iii) the reasonable costs of appearing in other legal proceedings in which they are involved as current or former managing directors or supervisory directors, with the exception of proceedings primarily aimed at pursuing a claim on their own behalf.

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- (ii) any damages or fines payable by them as a result of an act or failure to act as referred to under (i);
- (iii) the reasonable costs of appearing in other legal proceedings in which they are involved as current or former managing directors or supervisory directors, with the exception of proceedings primarily aimed at pursuing a claim on their own behalf.

There shall be no entitlement to reimbursement as referred to above if and to the extent that (i) a Dutch court has established in a final and conclusive decision that the act or failure to act of the person concerned may be characterised as wilful ("opzettelijk"), intentionally reckless ("bewust roekeloos") or seriously culpable ("ernstig verwijtbaar") conduct, unless Dutch law provides otherwise or this would, in view of the circumstances of the case, be unacceptable according to standards of reasonableness and fairness, or (ii) the costs or financial loss of the person concerned are covered by an insurance and the insurer has paid out the costs or financial loss. The company may take out liability insurance for the benefit of the persons concerned. The Supervisory Board may give further implementation to the above with respect to managing directors. The Board of Management may give further implementation to the above with respect to supervisory directors.

#### Supervisory Board.

#### Article 24.

24.1. The supervision of the management as conducted by the Board of Management and the general course of business in the company and the enterprise connected therewith shall be exercised by a Supervisory Board consisting of

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#### Supervisory Board.

#### Article 24.

24.1. The supervision of the management as conducted by the Board of Management and the general course of business in the company and the enterprise connected therewith shall be exercised by a Supervisory Board consisting of

such number of supervisory directors as shall be set by the Supervisory Board. The supervisory directors shall assist the Board of Management with advice. In the performance of their duties the supervisory directors shall be guided by the interests of the company and the enterprise connected therewith. The Board of Management shall provide the Supervisory Board in good time with the information necessary for the performance of its duties.

24.2. If there is more than one supervisory director, the Supervisory Board may appoint a chairman from among the supervisory directors, who shall carry the title of chairman of the Supervisory Board. The Supervisory Board shall appoint a secretary whether or not from among the supervisory directors. In addition the Supervisory Board may appoint from among the supervisory directors one or more delegate supervisory directors for such period as shall be set by the Supervisory Board, who shall be charged with maintaining a more regular contact with the Board of Management; they shall report on their findings to the Supervisory Board. The

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offices of chairman of the Supervisory Board and delegate supervisory director shall not be incompatible.

24.3. The Board of Management shall provide the Supervisory Board in good time with all information necessary for the exercise of the duties of the Supervisory Board. At least once per year the Board of Management shall inform the Supervisory Board in writing of the main features of the strategic policy, the general and financial risks and the management and control systems of the company.

The Board of Management shall then submit to the Supervisory Board for approval:

- the operational and financial objectives of the company;
- b) the strategy designed to achieve the objectives;
- the parameters to be applied in relation to the strategy, for example in respect of the financial ratios.

# Appointment of Supervisory Directors. Article 25.

25.1. Paragraphs 1 up to and including 5 of article 21 shall apply correspondingly to

- offices of chairman of the Supervisory Board and delegate supervisory director shall not be incompatible.
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# Appointment of Supervisory Directors. Article 25.

25.1. Paragraphs 1 up to and including 5 of article 21 shall apply correspondingly to

the Supervisory Board and the supervisory directors, provided that:

- the Supervisory Board may however suspend managing directors, but may not suspend supervisory directors;
- b. together with a nomination for the appointment of a supervisory director the following specific information shall be given in respect of the candidate: his age, his profession, the number of shares in the share capital of the company held by him and the positions he holds or held insofar as relevant to the fulfilment of the duties as a supervisory director, as well as the legal entities for which he serves as a supervisory director whereby, in case legal entities are included which belong to the same group, it shall be sufficient to mention such group.
- a supervisory director is appointed for a maximum period of four years, provided that, unless a supervisory director resigns earlier, his appointment

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- a. the Supervisory Board may however suspend managing directors, but may not suspend supervisory directors;
- b. together with a nomination for the appointment of a supervisory director the following specific information shall be given in respect of the candidate: his age, his profession, the number of shares in the share capital of the company held by him and the positions he holds or held insofar as relevant to the fulfilment of the duties as a supervisory director, as well as the legal entities for which he serves as a supervisory director whereby, in case legal entities are included which belong to the same group, it shall be sufficient to mention such group.
- a supervisory director is appointed for a maximum period of four years, provided that, unless a supervisory director resigns earlier, his appointment

period shall end immediately after the annual general meeting that will be held in the fourth calendar year after the date of his appointment. A supervisory director may be reappointed for a term of not more than four years at a time, with due observance of he provision in the previous sentence. A supervisory director may be a supervisory director for a period not longer than twelve years, which period may or may not be interrupted, unless the general meeting resolves otherwise; and

 section 2:132a of the Civil Code shall not apply in relation to the appointment of supervisory directors.

The nomination for the appointment of a supervisory director shall include the reasons.

25.2. The Supervisory Board shall prepare a profile of its size and composition, taking account of the nature of the business, its activities and the desired expertise and background of the supervisory directors. The Supervisory

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25.2. The Supervisory Board shall prepare a profile of its size and composition, taking account of the nature of the business, its activities and the desired expertise and background of the supervisory directors. The Supervisory

Board shall discuss the profile and each
amendment to the profile with the
general meeting.

- 25.3. The general meeting shall determine the remuneration of supervisory directors, which shall consist of an annual fee at the proposal of the Supervisory Board. A supervisory director shall not be granted any shares and/or rights to shares by way of remuneration.
- 25.4. The Supervisory Board may, subject to the provisions of these articles, frame a set of rules regulating its duties or the distribution of the same among the various supervisory directors.

# Organization of the Supervisory Board. Article 26.

26.1. Without prejudice to the provisions of article 20, paragraph 7, the Supervisory Board may decide that one or more supervisory directors shall have access to all the premises of the company and shall be empowered to inspect all the books, correspondence and other records of the company and to take cognizance of all acts that have been performed, or that they may exercise a part of these powers.

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26.2.	The Supervisory Board shall meet	26.2.	The Supervisory Board shall meet	
	whenever requested to do so by any of		whenever requested to do so by any of	
	its members. All resolutions of the		its members. All resolutions of the	
	Supervisory Board shall be passed by		Supervisory Board shall be passed by	
	an absolute majority of the votes cast,		an absolute majority of the votes cast,	
	unless otherwise provided in these		unless otherwise provided in these	
	articles.		articles.	
	A supervisory director shall not		A supervisory director shall not	
	participate in the deliberations and		participate in the deliberations and	
	voting if he or she has a direct or		voting if he or she has a direct or	
	indirect personal interest that conflicts		indirect personal interest that conflicts	
	with the interest of the company and its		with the interest of the company and its	
	enterprise. If no decision can be made		enterprise. If no decision can be made	
	because all supervisory directors are		because all supervisory directors are	
	conflicted as meant in the previous		conflicted as meant in the previous	
	sentence, the general meeting shall		sentence, the general meeting shall	
	decide. If there is a tie in voting, the		decide. If there is a tie in voting, the	
	general meeting shall decide.		general meeting shall decide.	
26.3.	Without prejudice to the provisions of	26.3.	Without prejudice to the provisions of	
	paragraph 4 of this article, no resolution		paragraph 4 of this article, no resolution	
	can be passed by the Supervisory		can be passed by the Supervisory	
	Board unless a majority of its members		Board unless a majority of its members	
	are present.		are present.	
26.4.	The Supervisory Board may also pass	26.4.	The Supervisory Board may also pass	
	resolutions otherwise than at a meeting,		resolutions otherwise than at a meeting,	
	provided that all the supervisory		provided that all the supervisory	
	directors must have received the item(s)		directors must have received the item(s)	
	to be discussed and a majority has		to be discussed and a majority has	
	voted in favour of the proposal(s) in		voted in favour of the proposal(s) in	

Genera	Meetings of Shareholders.	<b>General</b>	Meetings of Shareholders.	
	Board.		Board.	
	upon the chairman of the Supervisory		upon the chairman of the Supervisory	
	articles upon the Supervisory Board and		articles upon the Supervisory Board and	
	imposed by the law and by these		imposed by the law and by these	
	the rights and obligations conferred and		the rights and obligations conferred and	
	this supervisory director shall have all		this supervisory director shall have all	
6.7.	If there is only one supervisory director,	26.7.	If there is only one supervisory director,	
	for the proper performance of its duties.		for the proper performance of its duties.	
	Supervisory Board may deem desirable		Supervisory Board may deem desirable	
	experts in such fields as the		experts in such fields as the	
	company's expense, seek the advice of		company's expense, seek the advice of	
26.6.	The Supervisory Board may, at the	26.6.	The Supervisory Board may, at the	
	by the Supervisory Board.		by the Supervisory Board.	
	such information as may be requested		such information as may be requested	
	invited thereto and to provide thereat all		invited thereto and to provide thereat all	
	Supervisory Board whenever they are		Supervisory Board whenever they are	
	to attend the meetings of the		to attend the meetings of the	
26.5.	The managing directors shall be obliged	26.5.	The managing directors shall be obliged	
	book.		book.	
	resolution shall be kept with the minutes		resolution shall be kept with the minutes	
	evidencing the passing of any such		evidencing the passing of any such	
	Supervisory Board; the documents		Supervisory Board; the documents	
	shall be kept by the secretary of the		shall be kept by the secretary of the	
	Supervisory Board, which minutes book		Supervisory Board, which minutes book	
	be recorded in the minutes book of the		be recorded in the minutes book of the	
	A resolution passed in this manner shall		A resolution passed in this manner shall	
	question, in writing, by telegram, fax or electronic means of communication.		question, in writing, by telegram, fax or electronic means of communication.	

#### Article 27.

- 27.1. The annual general meeting shall be held within six months after the end of the financial year.
- 27.2. The agenda for this meeting shall in any case include the following items:
  - the discussion of the Board of Management's written annual report concerning the company's affairs and the management as conducted;
  - the adoption of the annual accounts and - with due observance of the provisions of article 36 - the allocation of profits;
  - if applicable, the distribution of dividends:
  - the discharge of managing directors from liability for their management over the last financial year; and
  - e. the discharge of supervisory directors from liability for their supervision thereof.

At the annual general meeting, any other items that have been put on the agenda in accordance with article 28 paragraph 3 will be dealt with.

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  - if applicable, the distribution of dividends:
  - the discharge of managing directors from liability for their management over the last financial year; and
  - e. the discharge of supervisory directors from liability for their supervision thereof.

At the annual general meeting, any other items that have been put on the agenda in accordance with article 28 paragraph 3 will be dealt with.

- 27.3. The Board of Management and the Supervisory Board shall provide the general meeting with all requested information, unless this would be contrary to an overriding interest of the company. If the Board of Management and the Supervisory Board invoke an overriding interest, they must give reasons.
- 27.4. Extraordinary general meetings shall be held whenever deemed desirable by the Board of Management or the Supervisory Board.
- 27.5. A general meeting shall further be convened within three months after the Board of Management has considered it plausible that the shareholders' equity of the company has decreased to an amount equal to or less than one-half of the paid and called up part of the capital, to discuss the measures to be taken, if necessary.

### Place. Convening Notice.

#### Article 28.

28.1. The general meetings shall be held in Leidschendam, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, The Hague, Arnhem or Haarlemmermeer (Schiphol), as the

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#### Place. Convening Notice.

#### Article 28.

28.1. The general meetings shall be held in Leidschendam, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, The Hague, Arnhem or Haarlemmermeer (Schiphol), as the

person convening the meeting shall	
deem fit	

- 28.2. Shareholders and holders of depositary receipts for shares shall be given notice of the general meeting by the Board of Management, the Supervisory Board, a managing director or a supervisory director. Notice shall be given not later than on the last day permitted by law. Unless the Civil Code mandatorily prescribes a registration date, the Board of Management may voluntarily determine that the persons referred to in the first sentence of this paragraph, are persons who (i) are shareholders at a date to be determined by the Board of Management, such date is hereinafter referred to as: the "registration date", and (ii) who are as such registered in a register (or one or more parts thereof) designated thereto by the Board of Management, hereinafter to be referred to as: the "register", provided that (iii) the holder of the register at the request of the person entitled to attend general meetings has informed the company in writing of the intention of the shareholder referred to, to attend the general meeting before the day of the
- person convening the meeting shall deem fit.
- 28.2. Shareholders and holders of depositary receipts for shares shall be given notice of the general meeting by the Board of Management, the Supervisory Board, a managing director or a supervisory director. Notice shall be given not later than on the last day permitted by law. Unless the Civil Code mandatorily prescribes a registration date, the Board of Management may voluntarily determine that the persons referred to in the first sentence of this paragraph, are persons who (i) are shareholders at a date to be determined by the Board of Management, such date is hereinafter referred to as: the "registration date", and (ii) who are as such registered in a register (or one or more parts thereof) designated thereto by the Board of Management, hereinafter to be referred to as: the "register", provided that (iii) the holder of the register at the request of the person entitled to attend general meetings has informed the company in writing of the intention of the shareholder referred to, to attend the general meeting before the day of the

general meeting, regardless who is shareholder at the time of the general meeting. The notice states the name and the number of shares for which the shareholder is entitled to attend the general meeting. The provision regarding the notice to the company referred to under (iii) equally applies to the person authorised in writing by the shareholder.

- 28.3. The registration date shall be set on such date prior to the meeting as is in accordance with the relevant provisions of the law.
- 28.4. The convening notice shall include the agenda item(s) and any other information prescribed by section 2:114 Civil Code, unless the law permits that the agenda and/or the information is made available for inspection by the shareholders and the holders of depositary receipts at the office of the company and this option is chosen which is confirmed by the convening notice.

However, if a proposal to amend the articles or to reduce the capital is to be submitted to the general meeting, this must always be stated in the convening

general meeting, regardless who is shareholder at the time of the general meeting. The notice states the name and the number of shares for which the shareholder is entitled to attend the general meeting. The provision regarding the notice to the company referred to under (iii) equally applies to the person authorised in writing by the shareholder.

- 28.3. The registration date shall be set on such date prior to the meeting as is in accordance with the relevant provisions of the law.
- 28.4. The convening notice shall include the agenda item(s) and any other information prescribed by section 2:114 Civil Code, unless the law permits that the agenda and/or the information is made available for inspection by the shareholders and the holders of depositary receipts at the office of the company and this option is chosen which is confirmed by the convening notice.

However, if a proposal to amend the articles or to reduce the capital is to be submitted to the general meeting, this must always be stated in the convening

	notice itself, without prejudice to the		notice itself, without prejudice to the
	provisions of article 29, paragraph 5.		provisions of article 29, paragraph 5.
28.5.	The notice convening a meeting at	28.5.	The notice convening a meeting at
	which a proposal to reduce the capital is		which a proposal to reduce the capital is
	to be considered, shall always state the		to be considered, shall always state the
	object of the reduction of capital and the		object of the reduction of capital and the
	manner of implementation.		manner of implementation.
	In the case of a proposal to amend the		In the case of a proposal to amend the
	articles or to reduce the capital, a copy		articles or to reduce the capital, a copy
	of the proposal, containing the proposed		of the proposal, containing the proposed
	amendment and the object of the		amendment and the object of the
	proposed reduction and the manner of		proposed reduction and the manner of
	implementation, verbatim, must		implementation, verbatim, must
	simultaneously be deposited for the		simultaneously be deposited for the
	inspection of every shareholder and		inspection of every shareholder and
	every holder of depositary receipts until		every holder of depositary receipts until
	the end of the general meeting at which		the end of the general meeting at which
	the resolution concerning such proposal		the resolution concerning such proposal
	has been passed, at the office of the		has been passed, at the office of the
	company and at such location - at any		company and at such location - at any
	rate including a location in Amsterdam -		rate including a location in Amsterdam -
	as shall be stated in the convening		as shall be stated in the convening
	notice. Copies shall be available at the		notice. Copies shall be available at the
	aforementioned locations for the		aforementioned locations for the
	shareholders and the holders of		shareholders and the holders of
	depositary receipts free of charge.		depositary receipts free of charge.
28.6.	No valid resolutions may be passed	28.6.	No valid resolutions may be passed
	concerning matters in respect of which		concerning matters in respect of which
	the provisions of paragraphs 3 and 4 of		the provisions of paragraphs 3 and 4 of

	this article have not been complied with		this article have not been complied with	
	and the consideration of which has not		and the consideration of which has not	
	as yet been announced in a similar		as yet been announced in a similar	
	manner and with due observance of the		manner and with due observance of the	;
	period set for the giving of notice.		period set for the giving of notice.	
28.7.	With due observance of article 29,	28.7.	With due observance of article 29,	
	paragraph 4, each holder of depositary		paragraph 4, each holder of depositary	
	receipts, as referred to in article 14,		receipts, as referred to in article 14,	
	paragraph 3, shall have the right to		paragraph 3, shall have the right to	
	attend general meetings and to address		attend general meetings and to address	;
	the meeting, but shall not have the right		the meeting, but shall not have the right	:
	to vote, with the proviso that this shall		to vote, with the proviso that this shall	
	not apply in respect of usufructuaries		not apply in respect of usufructuaries	
	and pledgees in whom pursuant to		and pledgees in whom pursuant to	
	article 14, paragraph 1, the right to vote		article 14, paragraph 1, the right to vote	,
	on the shares subject to a usufruct or		on the shares subject to a usufruct or	
	pledge is vested.		pledge is vested.	
28.8	A proposal of a person that is entitled to	28.8	A proposal of a person that is entitled to	)
	attend a general meeting will only be		attend a general meeting will only be	
	included in the agenda if such proposal		included in the agenda if such proposal	
	is made in writing, in the form of a		is made in writing, in the form of a	
	reasoned request or a draft resolution,		reasoned request or a draft resolution,	
	to the Board of Management, is		to the Board of Management, is	
	received not later than on the sixtieth		received not later than on the sixtieth	
	day prior to the date of that meeting,		day prior to the date of that meeting,	
	and the person making the proposal		and the person making the proposal	
	solely, or jointly with one or more other		solely, or jointly with one or more other	
	persons entitled to attend the meeting,		persons entitled to attend the meeting,	

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	represents shares amounting to at least	1	represents shares amounting to at least
	the statutory minimum threshold.	1	the statutory minimum threshold.
28.9	The Board of Management may, subject	28.9	The Board of Management may, subject
	to the approval of the Supervisory		to the approval of the Supervisory
	Board, decide that the business		Board, decide that the business
	transacted at a general meeting can be		transacted at a general meeting can be
	monitored by electronic means of		monitored by electronic means of
	communication.		communication.
28.10.	The Board of Management may, subject	28.10.	The Board of Management may, subject
	to the approval of the Supervisory		to the approval of the Supervisory
	Board, decide that each person entitled		Board, decide that each person entitled
	to attend a general meeting (and vote at		to attend a general meeting (and vote at
	such meeting) may, either in person or		such meeting) may, either in person or
	by written proxy, vote at that meeting		by written proxy, vote at that meeting
	and/or participate in that meeting by		and/or participate in that meeting by
	electronic means of communication,		electronic means of communication,
	provided that such person can be		provided that such person can be
	identified through the electronic means		identified through the electronic means
	of communication and that such person		of communication and that such person
	can directly monitor the business		can directly monitor the business
	transacted at the general meeting		transacted at the general meeting
	concerned. The Board of Management		concerned. The Board of Management
	may, subject to the approval of the		may, subject to the approval of the
	Supervisory Board, attach conditions to		Supervisory Board, attach conditions to
	the use of the electronic means of		the use of the electronic means of
	communication. Such conditions shall		communication. Such conditions shall
	be made public at the convocation of		be made public at the convocation of
	the general meeting and shall be posted	1	the general meeting and shall be posted
	on the company's website.	1	on the company's website.

### Admission to General Meetings.

#### Article 29.

- 29.1. The shareholders and holders of depositary receipts may cause themselves to be represented at a general meeting by a person holding a written proxy.
- 29.2. Before being admitted to the general meeting, a shareholder or his proxy and a holder of depositary receipts or his proxy must, if the company so requests, sign an attendance list, stating his name and insofar as applicable the number of votes which he is entitled to cast. In the case of a proxy acting for a shareholder or a holder of depositary receipts, the name (names) of the person(s) for whom the proxy acts must also be stated.
- 29.3. A shareholder, as well as a usufructuary or a pledgee in whom the right to vote is vested pursuant to article 14, paragraph 1 shall only have access to a general meeting if he is recorded as such in the shareholders' register referred to in article 13 on the date referred to in the notice of the meeting, and if the company has been notified in writing of his intention to attend the meeting at the

# Admission to General Meetings. Article 29.

- 29.1. The shareholders and holders of depositary receipts may cause themselves to be represented at a general meeting by a person holding a written proxy.
- 29.2. Before being admitted to the general meeting, a shareholder or his proxy and a holder of depositary receipts or his proxy must, if the company so requests, sign an attendance list, stating his name and insofar as applicable the number of votes which he is entitled to cast. In the case of a proxy acting for a shareholder or a holder of depositary receipts, the name (names) of the person(s) for whom the proxy acts must also be stated.
- 29.3. A shareholder, as well as a usufructuary or a pledgee in whom the right to vote is vested pursuant to article 14, paragraph 1 shall only have access to a general meeting if he is recorded as such in the shareholders' register referred to in article 13 on the date referred to in the notice of the meeting, and if the company has been notified in writing of his intention to attend the meeting at the

- place and at the latest on the date referred to in the notice of the meeting.
- 29.4. Holders of registered depositary receipts shall have access to a general meeting only on the production of such proof of being a holder of depositary receipts on the date referred to in the notice of the meeting, at such place and by such date as shall be stated in the notice of the meeting.
- 29.5. Proxies of the persons referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 shall have access to the meeting if, in addition to the requirements under paragraphs 3 and 4 being observed, written evidence of the proxy is produced at such time and place as shall be stated in the notice of the meeting].
- 29.6. The provisions laid down in paragraphs 3 through 5 shall each time be included in the notice convening a general meeting.

# Conduct of the Meeting. Minutes. Article 30.

30.1. The general meeting shall be presided over by the chairman of the Supervisory Board who may, however, also if he attends the meeting himself, designate another person to act as chairman of

- place and at the latest on the date referred to in the notice of the meeting.
- 29.4. Holders of registered depositary receipts shall have access to a general meeting only on the production of such proof of being a holder of depositary receipts on the date referred to in the notice of the meeting, at such place and by such date as shall be stated in the notice of the meeting.
- 29.5. Proxies of the persons referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 shall have access to the meeting if, in addition to the requirements under paragraphs 3 and 4 being observed, written evidence of the proxy is produced at such time and place as shall be stated in the notice of the meetingl.
- 29.6. The provisions laid down in paragraphs 3 through 5 shall each time be included in the notice convening a general meeting.

# Conduct of the Meeting. Minutes. Article 30.

30.1. The general meeting shall be presided over by the chairman of the Supervisory Board who may, however, also if he attends the meeting himself, designate another person to act as chairman of

	the meeting in his stead. In the absence		the meeting in his stead. In the absence	-
	of the chairman of the Supervisory		of the chairman of the Supervisory	
	Board, without the latter having		Board, without the latter having	
	designated another person to act as		designated another person to act as	
	chairman of the meeting, the		chairman of the meeting, the	
	supervisory directors attending the		supervisory directors attending the	
	meeting shall appoint one of them to act		meeting shall appoint one of them to act	
	as chairman. In the absence of all the		as chairman. In the absence of all the	
	supervisory directors, the meeting shall		supervisory directors, the meeting shall	
	itself appoint its chairman.		itself appoint its chairman.	
	The chairman shall appoint the		The chairman shall appoint the	
	secretary.		secretary.	
30.2.	All issues concerning admittance to the	30.2.	All issues concerning admittance to the	
	general meeting, concerning the		general meeting, concerning the	
	exercising of the voting right and the		exercising of the voting right and the	
	outcome of votes, as well as all other		outcome of votes, as well as all other	
	issues relating to the proceedings at the		issues relating to the proceedings at the	
	meeting, shall notwithstanding the		meeting, shall notwithstanding the	
	provisions of section 2:13. subsection 4,		provisions of section 2:13. subsection 4,	
	of the Civil Code, be decided by the		of the Civil Code, be decided by the	
	chairman of the meeting in question.		chairman of the meeting in question.	
30.3.	The chairman of the meeting in question	30.3.	The chairman of the meeting in question	
	shall have the authority to admit		shall have the authority to admit	
	persons other than shareholders,		persons other than shareholders,	
	holders of depositary receipts and their		holders of depositary receipts and their	
	proxies to a general meeting.		proxies to a general meeting.	
30.4.	Unless a notarial record is made of the	30.4.	Unless a notarial record is made of the	
	business transacted at the meeting,		business transacted at the meeting,	
	minutes shall be taken. The minutes		minutes shall be taken. The minutes	

shall be adopted and in evidence thereof be signed by the chairman and the secretary of the meeting in question, or shall be adopted by a subsequent meeting; in the latter case the minutes shall be signed in evidence of their adoption by the chairman and the secretary of such subsequent meeting. The notarial record, or the minutes as the case may be, shall state the number of shares represented at the meeting and the number of votes that may be cast, on the basis of the attendance list referred to in article 29, paragraph 2; the attendance list referred to in article 29, paragraph 2, shall not form part of the notarial record or the minutes, and shall not be made available to a shareholder or a holder of depositary receipts, unless the shareholder or the holder of depositary receipts shows that he has a reasonable interest therein for the verification of the correct course of the proceedings at the meeting in question.

After the execution of the notarial instrument, or after the adoption of the minutes by the chairman and the secretary of the meeting in question, as

shall be adopted and in evidence thereof be signed by the chairman and the secretary of the meeting in question, or shall be adopted by a subsequent meeting; in the latter case the minutes shall be signed in evidence of their adoption by the chairman and the secretary of such subsequent meeting. The notarial record, or the minutes as the case may be, shall state the number of shares represented at the meeting and the number of votes that may be cast, on the basis of the attendance list referred to in article 29, paragraph 2; the attendance list referred to in article 29, paragraph 2, shall not form part of the notarial record or the minutes, and shall not be made available to a shareholder or a holder of depositary receipts, unless the shareholder or the holder of depositary receipts shows that he has a reasonable interest therein for the verification of the correct course of the proceedings at the meeting in question.

After the execution of the notarial instrument, or after the adoption of the minutes by the chairman and the secretary of the meeting in question, as

the case may be, a copy of the notarial record, or the minutes, as the case may be, shall be deposited at the office of the company for inspection by the shareholders and the holders of depositary receipts.  The chairman of the meeting and any managing director and any supervisory director may at any time prior to a meeting give instructions for a notarial record to be made, at the company's expense.  Unless the minutes of the general meeting are included in a "notarieel proces-verbaal" (notarial report), the	30.5. 30.6.	the case may be, a copy of the notarial record, or the minutes, as the case may be, shall be deposited at the office of the company for inspection by the shareholders and the holders of depositary receipts.  The chairman of the meeting and any managing director and any supervisory director may at any time prior to a meeting give instructions for a notarial record to be made, at the company's expense.  Unless the minutes of the general meeting are included in a "notarieel"
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shareholders and the holders of depositary receipts.  The chairman of the meeting and any managing director and any supervisory director may at any time prior to a meeting give instructions for a notarial record to be made, at the company's expense.  Unless the minutes of the general meeting are included in a "notarieel		shareholders and the holders of depositary receipts.  The chairman of the meeting and any managing director and any supervisory director may at any time prior to a meeting give instructions for a notarial record to be made, at the company's expense.  Unless the minutes of the general
depositary receipts. The chairman of the meeting and any managing director and any supervisory director may at any time prior to a meeting give instructions for a notarial record to be made, at the company's expense. Unless the minutes of the general meeting are included in a "notarieel		depositary receipts.  The chairman of the meeting and any managing director and any supervisory director may at any time prior to a meeting give instructions for a notarial record to be made, at the company's expense.  Unless the minutes of the general
The chairman of the meeting and any managing director and any supervisory director may at any time prior to a meeting give instructions for a notarial record to be made, at the company's expense.  Unless the minutes of the general meeting are included in a "notarieel		The chairman of the meeting and any managing director and any supervisory director may at any time prior to a meeting give instructions for a notarial record to be made, at the company's expense.  Unless the minutes of the general
managing director and any supervisory director may at any time prior to a meeting give instructions for a notarial record to be made, at the company's expense.  Unless the minutes of the general meeting are included in a "notarieel		managing director and any supervisory director may at any time prior to a meeting give instructions for a notarial record to be made, at the company's expense.  Unless the minutes of the general
director may at any time prior to a meeting give instructions for a notarial record to be made, at the company's expense.  Unless the minutes of the general meeting are included in a "notarieel	30.6.	director may at any time prior to a meeting give instructions for a notarial record to be made, at the company's expense.  Unless the minutes of the general
meeting give instructions for a notarial record to be made, at the company's expense.  Unless the minutes of the general meeting are included in a "notarieel	30.6.	meeting give instructions for a notarial record to be made, at the company's expense.  Unless the minutes of the general
record to be made, at the company's expense. Unless the minutes of the general meeting are included in a "notarieel	30.6.	record to be made, at the company's expense. Unless the minutes of the general
expense. Unless the minutes of the general meeting are included in a "notarieel	30.6.	expense. Unless the minutes of the general
Unless the minutes of the general meeting are included in a "notarieel	30.6.	Unless the minutes of the general
meeting are included in a "notarieel	30.6.	_
•		meeting are included in a "notarisel
proces-verbaal" (notarial report), the		meeting are included in a notaneer
		proces-verbaal" (notarial report), the
minutes of the general meeting shall be		minutes of the general meeting shall be
made available, on request, to		made available, on request, to
shareholders no later than three months		shareholders no later than three months
after the end of the general meeting,		after the end of the general meeting,
after which the shareholders shall have		after which the shareholders shall have
the opportunity to react to the minutes		the opportunity to react to the minutes
in the following three months. The		in the following three months. The
minutes shall then be adopted as		minutes shall then be adopted as
provided for in the previous paragraph.		provided for in the previous paragraph.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	30.7.	A certificate signed by the chairman of
		the general meeting confirming that the
the general meeting confirming that the	1	general meeting has adopted a
c ,		
p	rovided for in the previous paragraph.  A certificate signed by the chairman of the general meeting confirming that the	rovided for in the previous paragraph.  a certificate signed by the chairman of the general meeting confirming that the

evidence of such resolution vis-à-vis third parties.

#### Voting Right.

#### Article 31.

- 31.1. Each share shall confer the right to cast one vote at the general meeting.
- 31.2. Blank votes and invalid votes shall be deemed as not having been cast.

#### Article 32.

- 32.1. All resolutions in respect of which no greater majority is required by law or the articles shall be passed by an absolute majority of the votes cast.
- 32.2. The chairman shall determine the manner of voting, including the manner of voting on the election, suspension or removal of persons.
- 32.3. If when voting at the election of persons no absolute majority is obtained at the first ballot, then a new free ballot shall be taken. If again no absolute majority is obtained, a second ballot shall be taken between the two persons who in the free ballot:
  - received the highest number of votes and the highest but one number of votes; or
  - b. received an equal number of votes, without any other person

evidence of such resolution vis-à-vis third parties.

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#### Article 32.

- 32.1. All resolutions in respect of which no greater majority is required by law or the articles shall be passed by an absolute majority of the votes cast.
- 32.2. The chairman shall determine the manner of voting, including the manner of voting on the election, suspension or removal of persons.
- 32.3. If when voting at the election of persons no absolute majority is obtained at the first ballot, then a new free ballot shall be taken. If again no absolute majority is obtained, a second ballot shall be taken between the two persons who in the free ballot:
  - received the highest number of votes and the highest but one number of votes; or
  - b. received an equal number of votes, without any other person

receiving a greater number of votes.

If at the free ballot more than two persons satisfy the criterion referred to above in subparagraph a., an intermediate ballot shall be taken between the persons who received the highest but one number of votes, but an equal number of votes. If after the second free ballot more than two persons - but not all - satisfy the criterion referred to above in subparagraph b., then a ballot shall be taken between these persons. If as a result of an equality of the number of votes cast an intermediate ballot or a second ballot does not lead to a decision, there shall be no resolution.

32.4. If there is a tie in voting on matters other than the election of persons, the proposal shall be considered rejected.

#### <u>Meetings of Holders of Shares of a Particular</u> <u>Class.</u>

#### Article 33.

33.1. A meeting of holders of protective preference shares, of holders of financing preference shares, including one of the series of financing preference

receiving a greater number of votes.

If at the free ballot more than two persons satisfy the criterion referred to above in subparagraph a., an intermediate ballot shall be taken between the persons who received the highest but one number of votes, but an equal number of votes. If after the second free ballot more than two persons - but not all - satisfy the criterion referred to above in subparagraph b., then a ballot shall be taken between these persons. If as a result of an equality of the number of votes cast an intermediate ballot or a second ballot does not lead to a decision, there shall be no resolution.

32.4. If there is a tie in voting on matters other than the election of persons, the proposal shall be considered rejected.

# Meetings of Holders of Shares of a Particular Class.

#### Article 33.

33.1. A meeting of holders of protective preference shares, of holders of financing preference shares, including one of the series of financing preference

shares, and of holders of convertible financing preference shares, including one of the series of convertible financing preference shares, shall be convened whenever and insofar as pursuant to the provisions laid down in these articles a resolution of the meeting of holders of protective preference shares, financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares is required, and in addition, whenever the Board of Management and/or the Supervisory Board decide that such meeting must be held, and whenever one or more holders of protective preference shares, of financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares request the Board of Management and the Supervisory Board in writing to convene a meeting, stating the subject matters to be considered thereat in such request.

If after the receipt of a request as referred in the preceding sentence, neither the Board of Management nor the Supervisory Board has taken the necessary steps so that a meeting could be held within four weeks after the

shares, and of holders of convertible financing preference shares, including one of the series of convertible financing preference shares, shall be convened whenever and insofar as pursuant to the provisions laid down in these articles a resolution of the meeting of holders of protective preference shares, financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares is required, and in addition, whenever the Board of Management and/or the Supervisory Board decide that such meeting must be held, and whenever one or more holders of protective preference shares, of financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares request the Board of Management and the Supervisory Board in writing to convene a meeting, stating the subject matters to be considered thereat in such request.

If after the receipt of a request as referred in the preceding sentence, neither the Board of Management nor the Supervisory Board has taken the necessary steps so that a meeting could be held within four weeks after the

	request, the applicant/applicants shall		request, the applicant/applicants shall	
	be authorized to proceed to do so		be authorized to proceed to do so	
	himself/themselves, with due		himself/themselves, with due	
	observance of the relevant provisions of		observance of the relevant provisions of	
	these articles.		these articles.	
33.2.	The managing directors and the	33.2.	The managing directors and the	
	supervisory directors shall have the		supervisory directors shall have the	
	right to attend the meetings of holders		right to attend the meetings of holders	
	of protective preference shares,		of protective preference shares,	
	financing preference shares and		financing preference shares and	
	convertible financing preference shares,		convertible financing preference shares,	
	at which meetings they shall they have		at which meetings they shall they have	
	an advisory vote in that capacity.		an advisory vote in that capacity.	
	Notice of a meeting of holders of		Notice of a meeting of holders of	
	protective preference shares, of holders		protective preference shares, of holders	
	of financing preference shares and of		of financing preference shares and of	
	holders of convertible financing		holders of convertible financing	
	preference shares shall be given by		preference shares shall be given by	
	letter, addressed to the holders of		letter, addressed to the holders of	
	shares of the class in question, as well		shares of the class in question, as well	
	as to the persons referred to in the		as to the persons referred to in the	
	preceding sentence.		preceding sentence.	
	The convening notice shall state the		The convening notice shall state the	
	subject matters to be considered.		subject matters to be considered.	
3.3.	Article 28, paragraphs 1 and 2, article	33.3.	Article 28, paragraphs 1 and 2, article	
	29, paragraph 1, article 30, article 31,		29, paragraph 1, article 30, article 31,	
	and article 32, shall be applicable,		and article 32, shall be applicable,	
	mutatis mutandis, to meetings of		mutatis mutandis, to meetings of	
	holders of protective preference shares,		holders of protective preference shares,	

conver	tible f	inar	icing pi	refer	enc	e shares.
Ilnanci	ng pre	erere	ence sr	nares	ar	10

- 33.4. At meeting of holders of protective preference shares, of holders of financing preference shares and of holders of convertible financing preference shares, at which the entire capital issued in the form of the class of shares in question is represented, legally valid resolutions may be passed, provided these are passed unanimously, even if the requirements concerning the place of the meeting, the manner of convening it, the period of notice and the inclusion of the subject matters on the agenda in the notice convening the meeting, have not been observed.
- 33.5. The holders of protective preference shares, the holders of financing preference shares and the holders of convertible financing preference shares may pass all resolutions which they are entitled to pass at a meeting also otherwise than at a meeting. A resolution may be passed otherwise than at a meeting only if all the holders and usufructuaries of protective preference shares, financing preference

financing preference shares and convertible financing preference shares.

- 33.4. At meeting of holders of protective preference shares, of holders of financing preference shares and of holders of convertible financing preference shares, at which the entire capital issued in the form of the class of shares in question is represented, legally valid resolutions may be passed, provided these are passed unanimously, even if the requirements concerning the place of the meeting, the manner of convening it, the period of notice and the inclusion of the subject matters on the agenda in the notice convening the meeting, have not been observed.
- 33.5. The holders of protective preference shares, the holders of financing preference shares and the holders of convertible financing preference shares may pass all resolutions which they are entitled to pass at a meeting also otherwise than at a meeting. A resolution may be passed otherwise than at a meeting only if all the holders and usufructuaries of protective preference shares, financing preference

shares and convertible financing preference shares have expressed themselves in favour of the proposal in writing, by telegram or fax.

A resolution, as referred to above in this paragraph shall be recorded by the Board of Management in the minutes book of the meeting of holders of protective preference shares, of financing preference shares or of convertible financing preference shares, as the case may be.

33.6. A meeting of holders of ordinary shares shall be convened if and insofar as pursuant to the provisions laid down in these articles it is required that a meeting be convened. The provisions of articles 28 to 32 shall be applicable to a meeting of holders of ordinary shares, mutatis mutandis.

# <u>Financial Year. Annual Accounts.</u> Article 34.

- 34.1. The financial year of the company shall be identical to the calendar year.
- 34.2. Each year, within four months after the end of each financial year, the Board of Management shall prepare the annual accounts and shall deposit these at the office of the company for inspection by

shares and convertible financing preference shares have expressed themselves in favour of the proposal in writing, by telegram or fax.

A resolution, as referred to above in this paragraph shall be recorded by the Board of Management in the minutes book of the meeting of holders of protective preference shares, of financing preference shares or of convertible financing preference shares, as the case may be.

33.6. A meeting of holders of ordinary shares shall be convened if and insofar as pursuant to the provisions laid down in these articles it is required that a meeting be convened. The provisions of articles 28 to 32 shall be applicable to a meeting of holders of ordinary shares, mutatis mutandis.

#### <u>Financial Year. Annual Accounts.</u> <u>Article 34.</u>

- 34.1. The financial year of the company shall be identical to the calendar year.
- 34.2. Each year, within four months after the end of each financial year, the Board of Management shall prepare the annual accounts and shall deposit these at the office of the company for inspection by

the shareholders and the holders of depositary receipts.

The annual accounts shall be accompanied by the accountant's report referred to in article 35, by the annual report, and by the information referred to in section 2:392, subsection 1, of the Civil Code, however this information only insofar as the provisions of that subsection are applicable to the company.

The annual accounts shall be signed by all the managing directors and all the supervisory directors. In the event of one or more of their signatures being absent, this shall be stated on the documents in question giving the reasons therefor.

34.3. The company shall ensure that its annual accounts, as prepared, the annual report and the information to be added referred to in paragraph 2, are available from the day of the notice convening the general meeting at which the same are to be considered at the office of the company and at any other place required by applicable law or regulations. The shareholders and the holders of depositary receipts may

the shareholders and the holders of depositary receipts.

The annual accounts shall be accompanied by the accountant's report referred to in article 35, by the annual report, and by the information referred to in section 2:392, subsection 1, of the Civil Code, however this information only insofar as the provisions of that subsection are applicable to the company.

The annual accounts shall be signed by all the managing directors and all the supervisory directors. In the event of one or more of their signatures being absent, this shall be stated on the documents in question giving the reasons therefor.

34.3. The company shall ensure that its annual accounts, as prepared, the annual report and the information to be added referred to in paragraph 2, are available from the day of the notice convening the general meeting at which the same are to be considered at the office of the company and at any other place required by applicable law or regulations. The shareholders and the holders of depositary receipts may

	inspect the documents there and obtain		inspect the documents there and obtain	
	a copy thereof free of charge. Third		a copy thereof free of charge. Third	
	parties may obtain a copy at cost at the		parties may obtain a copy at cost at the	
	aforementioned locations.		aforementioned locations.	
34.4.	The Board of Management shall explain	34.4.	The Board of Management shall explain	
	the broad outline of the corporate		the broad outline of the corporate	
	governance structure of the company in		governance structure of the company in	
	a separate chapter of the annual report.		a separate chapter of the annual report.	
	In this chapter shall be indicated		In this chapter shall be indicated	
	expressly to what extent the company		expressly to what extent the company	
	applies the provisions as referred to in		applies the provisions as referred to in	
	the conduct code indicated by the		the conduct code indicated by the	
	"Algemene Maatregel van Bestuur"		"Algemene Maatregel van Bestuur"	
	(ordinance) as referred to in section		(ordinance) as referred to in section	
	2:391 subsection 4 of the Civil Code. If		2:391 subsection 4 of the Civil Code. If	
	the company does not apply the		the company does not apply the	
	provisions referred to in the previous		provisions referred to in the previous	
	sentence, the Board of Management		sentence, the Board of Management	
	shall explain in the chapter referred to		shall explain in the chapter referred to	
	above why and to what extent the		above why and to what extent the	
	company does not apply the provisions.		company does not apply the provisions.	
34.5.	The annual accounts may not be	34.5.	The annual accounts may not be	
	adopted if the general meeting has not		adopted if the general meeting has not	
	been able to take cognizance of the		been able to take cognizance of the	
	accountant's report, referred to in article		accountant's report, referred to in article	
	35. If said report is missing, then the		35. If said report is missing, then the	
	annual accounts cannot be adopted,		annual accounts cannot be adopted,	
	unless a legally valid ground for the		unless a legally valid ground for the	
	absence of this report is stated.		absence of this report is stated.	

## Accountant.

# Article 35.

35.1. The general meeting or, if the general meeting fails to do so, the Supervisory Board, or if the Supervisory Board fails to do so, the Board of Management, shall instruct a registered accountant or another expert, as referred to in section 2:393, subsection 1 of the Civil Code, both hereinafter called: the accountant to audit the annual accounts prepared by the Board of Management, in accordance with the provisions of section 2:393, subsection 3 of the Civil Code. The accountant shall report on his audit to the Supervisory Board and the Board of Management and shall present the result of his audit in a report.

The instructions to the accountant may only be withdrawn for well-founded reasons by the general meeting or by the body who has given the instructions; instructions given by the Board of Management may also be withdrawn by the Supervisory Board.

35.2. Both the Board of Management and the Supervisory Board may give instructions to the accountant referred to in

## Accountant.

## Article 35.

35.1. The general meeting or, if the general meeting fails to do so, the Supervisory Board, or if the Supervisory Board fails to do so, the Board of Management, shall instruct a registered accountant or another expert, as referred to in section 2:393, subsection 1 of the Civil Code, both hereinafter called: the accountant to audit the annual accounts prepared by the Board of Management, in accordance with the provisions of section 2:393, subsection 3 of the Civil Code. The accountant shall report on his audit to the Supervisory Board and the Board of Management and shall present the result of his audit in a report.

The instructions to the accountant may only be withdrawn for well-founded reasons by the general meeting or by the body who has given the instructions; instructions given by the Board of Management may also be withdrawn by the Supervisory Board.

35.2. Both the Board of Management and the Supervisory Board may give instructions to the accountant referred to in

paragraph 1 or to another accountant at the company's expense.

## Profit and Loss.

## Article 36.

36.1. Any distribution of profits pursuant to the provisions of this article shall be made after the adoption of the annual accounts from which it appears that the same is permitted.

The company may make distributions to the shareholders and to other persons entitled to distributable profits only to the extent that its shareholders' equity exceeds the sum of the amount of the paid and called up part of the capital and the reserves which must be maintained under the law.

A deficit may be offset against the statutory reserves only to the extent permitted by law, with the proviso that a deficit shall never be offset against the reserves which have been set aside as share premium upon the issue of financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares, as the case may be.

36.2. a. The profit shall, if sufficient, be applied first in payment to the holders of

paragraph 1 or to another accountant at the company's expense.

## Profit and Loss.

## Article 36.

36.2.

36.1. Any distribution of profits pursuant to the provisions of this article shall be made after the adoption of the annual accounts from which it appears that the same is permitted.

The company may make distributions to the shareholders and to other persons entitled to distributable profits only to the extent that its shareholders' equity exceeds the sum of the amount of the paid and called up part of the capital and the reserves which must be maintained under the law.

A deficit may be offset against the statutory reserves only to the extent permitted by law, with the proviso that a deficit shall never be offset against the reserves which have been set aside as share premium upon the issue of financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares, as the case may be.

 The profit shall, if sufficient, be applied first in payment to the holders of

- protective preference shares of a percentage as specified below of the compulsory amount paid on these shares as at the commencement of the financial year for which the distribution is made.
- b. The percentage referred to above in subparagraph a. shall be equal to the average of the Euribor interest charged for loans with a term of one year weighted by the number of days for which this interest was applicable during the financial year for which the distribution is made, increased by at most four percentage points; this increase shall each time be fixed by the Board of Management for a period of five years, after approval by the Supervisory Board.
- c. If in the course of the financial year for which the distribution is made the compulsory amount to be paid on the protective preference shares has been decreased or, pursuant to a resolution for additional

- protective preference shares of a percentage as specified below of the compulsory amount paid on these shares as at the commencement of the financial year for which the distribution is made.
- b. The percentage referred to above in subparagraph a. shall be equal to the average of the Euribor interest charged for loans with a term of one year weighted by the number of days for which this interest was applicable during the financial year for which the distribution is made, increased by at most four percentage points; this increase shall each time be fixed by the Board of Management for a period of five years, after approval by the Supervisory Board.
- c. If in the course of the financial year for which the distribution is made the compulsory amount to be paid on the protective preference shares has been decreased or, pursuant to a resolution for additional

payments, increased, then the			
distribution shall be decreased or,			
if possible, increased by an			
amount equal to the			
aforementioned percentage of the			
amount of the decrease or			
increase as the case may be,			
calculated from the date of the			
decrease or from the day when			
the additional payment became			
compulsory, as the case may be.			
16 1 1			

- d. If in the course of any financial year protective preference shares have been issued, the dividend on protective preference shares for that financial year shall be decreased proportionately up to the day of issue, a part of a month to be regarded as a full month.
- e. If the profit for a financial year is being determined and if in that financial year one or more protective preference shares have been cancelled with repayment or full repayment has taken place on protective preference shares, the persons who according to the

- payments, increased, then the distribution shall be decreased or, if possible, increased by an amount equal to the aforementioned percentage of the amount of the decrease or increase as the case may be, calculated from the date of the decrease or from the day when the additional payment became compulsory, as the case may be.
- d. If in the course of any financial year protective preference shares have been issued, the dividend on protective preference shares for that financial year shall be decreased proportionately up to the day of issue, a part of a month to be regarded as a full month.
- e. If the profit for a financial year is being determined and if in that financial year one or more protective preference shares have been cancelled with repayment or full repayment has taken place on protective preference shares, the persons who according to the

shareholders' register referred to in article 13 at the time of such cancellation or repayment were recorded as the holders of these protective preference shares, shall have an inalienable right to a distribution of profit as described hereinafter. The profit which, if sufficient, shall be distributed to such a person shall be equal to the amount of the distribution to which he would be entitled pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 1 if at the time of the determination of the profit he had still been the holder of the protective preference shares referred to above, calculated on a time-proportionate basis for the period during which he held protective preference shares in that financial year, a part of a month to be regarded as a full month. In respect of an amendment of the provisions laid down in this paragraph, the reservation referred to in section 2:122 of the Civil Code is hereby explicitly made.

shareholders' register referred to in article 13 at the time of such cancellation or repayment were recorded as the holders of these protective preference shares, shall have an inalienable right to a distribution of profit as described hereinafter. The profit which, if sufficient, shall be distributed to such a person shall be equal to the amount of the distribution to which he would be entitled pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 1 if at the time of the determination of the profit he had still been the holder of the protective preference shares referred to above, calculated on a time-proportionate basis for the period during which he held protective preference shares in that financial year, a part of a month to be regarded as a full month. In respect of an amendment of the provisions laid down in this paragraph, the reservation referred to in section 2:122 of the Civil Code is hereby explicitly made.

- If in any one financial year the profit referred to above in subparagraph a. is not sufficient to make the distributions referred to in this paragraph, then the provisions of this paragraph and those laid down hereinafter in this article shall in the subsequent financial years not apply until the deficit has been made good or until the Board of Management, with the approval of the Supervisory Board, resolves to charge an amount equal to the deficit to the freely distributable reserves - with the exception of the reserves which have been set aside as share premium upon the issue of financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares.
- 36.3. a. Next, if possible, a dividend shall be paid on the financing preference shares of each series and on the convertible financing preference shares of each series, equal to a percentage calculated on the amount effectively paid on the financing preference shares
- If in any one financial year the profit referred to above in subparagraph a. is not sufficient to make the distributions referred to in this paragraph, then the provisions of this paragraph and those laid down hereinafter in this article shall in the subsequent financial years not apply until the deficit has been made good or until the Board of Management, with the approval of the Supervisory Board, resolves to charge an amount equal to the deficit to the freely distributable reserves - with the exception of the reserves which have been set aside as share premium upon the issue of financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares.
- 36.3. a. Next, if possible, a dividend shall be paid on the financing preference shares of each series and on the convertible financing preference shares of each series, equal to a percentage calculated on the amount effectively paid on the financing preference shares

- of the respective series and the convertible financing preference shares of the respective series, including a share premium, if any, upon the first issue of the series in question, and which percentage shall be related to the average effective return on "state loans general with a term of 7-8 years", calculated and determined in the manner as described hereinafter.
- The percentage of the dividend for the financing preference shares of each series or for the convertible financing preference shares of each series, as the case may be, shall be calculated by taking the arithmetic mean of the average effective return on the aforesaid loans, as published by Bloomberg, or if Bloomberg does not publish this information, by Reuters, for the last five stock market trading days preceding the day of the first issue of financing preference shares of the respective series or the convertible financing preference

- of the respective series and the convertible financing preference shares of the respective series, including a share premium, if any, upon the first issue of the series in question, and which percentage shall be related to the average effective return on "state loans general with a term of 7-8 years", calculated and determined in the manner as described hereinafter.
- The percentage of the dividend for the financing preference shares of each series or for the convertible financing preference shares of each series, as the case may be, shall be calculated by taking the arithmetic mean of the average effective return on the aforesaid loans, as published by Bloomberg, or if Bloomberg does not publish this information, by Reuters, for the last five stock market trading days preceding the day of the first issue of financing preference shares of the respective series or the convertible financing preference

shares of the respective series, as the case may be, or preceding the day on which the dividend percentage is adjusted, increased or decreased, if applicable, by a mark-up or mark-down set by the Board of Management upon issue and approved by the Supervisory Board of at most two percentage points, depending on the market conditions then obtaining, which mark-up or mark-down may differ for each series, or, if Reuters does not publish this information or if such state loans general are not issued, a form of state loan and information source that is or are most comparable thereto as to be determined by the Board of Management and approved by the Supervisory Board.

c. For the first time as at the first of January of the calendar year following the day after eight years have expired since the day on which financing preference shares of a particular series or convertible financing preference of a particular series, as the case

- shares of the respective series, as the case may be, or preceding the day on which the dividend percentage is adjusted, increased or decreased, if applicable, by a mark-up or mark-down set by the Board of Management upon issue and approved by the Supervisory Board of at most two percentage points, depending on the market conditions then obtaining, which mark-up or mark-down may differ for each series, or, if Reuters does not publish this information or if such state loans general are not issued, a form of state loan and information source that is or are most comparable thereto as to be determined by the Board of Management and approved by the Supervisory Board.
- c. For the first time as at the first of January of the calendar year following the day after eight years have expired since the day on which financing preference shares of a particular series or convertible financing preference of a particular series, as the case

may be, were first issued, and thereafter every eight years, the dividend percentage of all of these financing preference shares of the respective series or all of these convertible financing preference shares of the respective series, as the case may be, shall be adjusted to the average effective return on state loans on that day, calculated and determined in the manner as described above in subparagraph b.

36.4. If in any one financial year the profit is not sufficient to make the distributions referred to above in paragraph 3 of this article, then in subsequent financial years the provisions of paragraph 3 shall not apply until the deficit has been made good and until the provisions of paragraph 3 have been applied or until the Board of Management, with the approval of the Supervisory Board, resolves to charge an amount equal to the deficit to the freely distributable reserves - with the exception of the reserves which have been set aside as share premium upon the issue of

may be, were first issued, and thereafter every eight years, the dividend percentage of all of these financing preference shares of the respective series or all of these convertible financing preference shares of the respective series, as the case may be, shall be adjusted to the average effective return on state loans on that day, calculated and determined in the manner as described above in subparagraph b.

If in any one financial year the profit is 36.4. not sufficient to make the distributions referred to above in paragraph 3 of this article, then in subsequent financial years the provisions of paragraph 3 shall not apply until the deficit has been made good and until the provisions of paragraph 3 have been applied or until the Board of Management, with the approval of the Supervisory Board, resolves to charge an amount equal to the deficit to the freely distributable reserves - with the exception of the reserves which have been set aside as share premium upon the issue of

	financing preference shares or		financing preference shares or
	convertible financing preference shares		convertible financing preference shares
36.5.	If the first issue of financing preference	36.5.	If the first issue of financing preference
	shares or convertible financing		shares or convertible financing
	preference shares of a series takes		preference shares of a series takes
	place during the course of a financial		place during the course of a financial
	year, the dividend for that financial year		year, the dividend for that financial year
	on the respective series of financing		on the respective series of financing
	preference shares or convertible		preference shares or convertible
	financing preference shares shall be		financing preference shares shall be
	decreased proportionately up to the first		decreased proportionately up to the first
	day of such issue.		day of such issue.
36.6.	After application of paragraphs 2	36.6.	After application of paragraphs 2
	through 5 no further distribution of		through 5 no further distribution of
	dividend shall be made on the		dividend shall be made on the
	protective preference shares, the		protective preference shares, the
	financing preference shares or the		financing preference shares or the
	convertible financing preference shares.		convertible financing preference shares.
36.7.	Of any profit remaining after application	36.7.	Of any profit remaining after application
	of paragraphs 2 through 5 such amount		of paragraphs 2 through 5 such amount
	shall be allocated to the reserves by the		shall be allocated to the reserves by the
	Board of Management with the approval		Board of Management with the approval
	of the Supervisory Board as the Board		of the Supervisory Board as the Board
	of Management shall deem necessary.		of Management shall deem necessary.
	Insofar as the profit is not allocated to		Insofar as the profit is not allocated to
	the reserves pursuant to the provisions		the reserves pursuant to the provisions
	of the preceding sentence, it shall be at		of the preceding sentence, it shall be at
	the disposal of the general meeting		the disposal of the general meeting

either for allocation in whole or in part to the reserves or for distribution in whole or in part to the holders of ordinary shares *pro rata* to the aggregate amount of their ordinary shares.

## Article 37.

- 37.1. Dividends shall be made payable four weeks after their having been declared, unless the general meeting shall set another date on a proposal thereto from the Board of Management.
- 37.2. Distributions which have not been collected within five years after having been made payable shall revert to the company.
- 37.3. Without prejudice to the provisions of article 36, paragraph 1, the general meeting may resolve to distribute reserves in whole or in part, however only on a proposal thereto from the Board of Management, which proposal shall require the approval of the Supervisory Board.

The holders of ordinary shares shall be entitled to these reserves, with the exception of reserves set aside as share premium upon the issue of financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares,

either for allocation in whole or in part to the reserves or for distribution in whole or in part to the holders of ordinary shares *pro rata* to the aggregate amount of their ordinary shares.

#### Article 37.

- 37.1. Dividends shall be made payable four weeks after their having been declared, unless the general meeting shall set another date on a proposal thereto from the Board of Management.
- 37.2. Distributions which have not been collected within five years after having been made payable shall revert to the company.
- 37.3. Without prejudice to the provisions of article 36, paragraph 1, the general meeting may resolve to distribute reserves in whole or in part, however only on a proposal thereto from the Board of Management, which proposal shall require the approval of the Supervisory Board.

The holders of ordinary shares shall be entitled to these reserves, with the exception of reserves set aside as share premium upon the issue of financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares,

and unless distributed in accordance	
with the provisions of article 36,	
paragraphs 2 and/or 4.	

- 37.4. The Board of Management may, with the prior approval of the Supervisory Board and with due observance of the provisions of section 2:105 of the Civil Code, make interim distributions. An interim distribution may also be made on the shares of a particular class only. In the case of an interim distribution on protective preference shares, financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares only, the provisions of article 36, paragraph 2, or article 36, paragraph 4, as the case may, shall apply, mutatis mutandis, in respect of the part of the financial year that has expired at the time of the adoption of the resolution to make such distribution.
- 37.5. The general meeting may resolve, however only on a proposal thereto from the Board of Management and with the prior approval of the Supervisory Board, that distributions on ordinary shares will be made in whole or in part in the form of ordinary shares in the capital of the company or that

- and unless distributed in accordance with the provisions of article 36, paragraphs 2 and/or 4.
- 37.4. The Board of Management may, with the prior approval of the Supervisory Board and with due observance of the provisions of section 2:105 of the Civil Code, make interim distributions. An interim distribution may also be made on the shares of a particular class only. In the case of an interim distribution on protective preference shares, financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares only, the provisions of article 36, paragraph 2, or article 36, paragraph 4, as the case may, shall apply, mutatis mutandis, in respect of the part of the financial year that has expired at the time of the adoption of the resolution to make such distribution.
- 37.5. The general meeting may resolve, however only on a proposal thereto from the Board of Management and with the prior approval of the Supervisory Board, that distributions on ordinary shares will be made in whole or in part in the form of ordinary shares in the capital of the company or that

- depositary receipts will be issued therefor.
- 37.6. A deficit may be offset against the statutory reserves only to the extent permitted by law.

# Amendment of the Articles. Winding up. Article 38.

- 38.1. A resolution to amend these articles or to wind up the company may be passed only a proposal thereto of Board of Management with the prior approval of the Supervisory Board, and by a majority of at least two-thirds of the votes cast at a general meeting at which at least one-half of the issued capital is represented.
- 38.2. If at a meeting at which the proposal to adopt a resolution as referred to in paragraph 1 is to be considered, the required part of the capital is not represented, then a second meeting may be convened, at which second meeting the resolution referred to in the first paragraph of this article may be passed, irrespective of the part of the capital represented at such meeting, provided such resolution is adopted by the required majority stated in the first paragraph of this article.

- depositary receipts will be issued therefor.
- 37.6. A deficit may be offset against the statutory reserves only to the extent permitted by law.

# Amendment of the Articles. Winding up. Article 38.

- 38.1. A resolution to amend these articles or to wind up the company may be passed only a proposal thereto of Board of Management with the prior approval of the Supervisory Board, and by a majority of at least two-thirds of the votes cast at a general meeting at which at least one-half of the issued capital is represented.
- 38.2. If at a meeting at which the proposal to adopt a resolution as referred to in paragraph 1 is to be considered, the required part of the capital is not represented, then a second meeting may be convened, at which second meeting the resolution referred to in the first paragraph of this article may be passed, irrespective of the part of the capital represented at such meeting, provided such resolution is adopted by the required majority stated in the first paragraph of this article.

	meeting it must be stated, giving the
	reason therefor, that a resolution may
	be passed irrespective of the part of the
	capital represented at the meeting.
38.3.	Insofar as a resolution to amend the
	articles brings about a change in the
	rights vested in the holders of protective
	preference shares, or the holders of
	financing preference shares or the
	holders of convertible financing
	preference shares, such resolution shall
	require the approval of the meeting of
	holders of protective preference shares,

or the meeting of holders of financing

preference shares, or the meeting of

preference shares, as the case may be.

holders of convertible financing

In the notice convening the new

#### Liquidation.

#### Article 39.

- 39.1. If the company is wound up pursuant to a resolution of the general meeting, the liquidation shall be effected with due observance of the statutory provisions.
- 39.2. During the liquidation these articles shall insofar as possible remain in force.
- 39.3. Any liquidation balance left after all creditors of the company have been paid shall first be applied in the

- In the notice convening the new meeting it must be stated, giving the reason therefor, that a resolution may be passed irrespective of the part of the capital represented at the meeting.
- 38.3. Insofar as a resolution to amend the articles brings about a change in the rights vested in the holders of protective preference shares, or the holders of financing preference shares or the holders of convertible financing preference shares, such resolution shall require the approval of the meeting of holders of protective preference shares, or the meeting of holders of financing preference shares, or the meeting of holders of convertible financing preference shares, as the case may be.

# Liquidation.

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- 39.1. If the company is wound up pursuant to a resolution of the general meeting, the liquidation shall be effected with due observance of the statutory provisions.
- 39.2. During the liquidation these articles shall insofar as possible remain in force.
- 39.3. Any liquidation balance left after all creditors of the company have been paid shall first be applied in the

payment, if possible, to all the holders of protective preference shares of the nominal amount paid on their protective preference shares, plus the dividend still payable at the time of the liquidation on the protective preference shares calculated for the period up to and including the date on which the balance after liquidation has been made payable. Next, the holders of financing preference shares and the holders of convertible financing preference shares shall be paid the amount paid up on their shares (including share premium), plus the dividend still payable at the time of the liquidation on the financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares, as the case may be, for the period up to and including the date on which the balance after liquidation has been made payable.

Any balance then remaining shall be distributed between the other shareholders *pro rata* to the aggregate amount of their shares.

39.4. After liquidation the books, records and other information carriers of the company shall remain for the period

payment, if possible, to all the holders of protective preference shares of the nominal amount paid on their protective preference shares, plus the dividend still payable at the time of the liquidation on the protective preference shares calculated for the period up to and including the date on which the balance after liquidation has been made payable. Next, the holders of financing preference shares and the holders of convertible financing preference shares shall be paid the amount paid up on their shares (including share premium), plus the dividend still payable at the time of the liquidation on the financing preference shares or convertible financing preference shares, as the case may be, for the period up to and including the date on which the balance after liquidation has been made payable.

Any balance then remaining shall be distributed between the other shareholders *pro rata* to the aggregate amount of their shares.

39.4. After liquidation the books, records and other information carriers of the company shall remain for the period

prescribed by law in the custody of the person designated for such purpose by the general meeting.

# Conversion of Convertible Financing Preference Shares.

## Article 40.

- 40.1. Convertible financing preference shares may be converted at the request of the holder thereof into ordinary shares subject to such conditions as shall have been set by the body authorized to issue shares, with the prior approval of the Supervisory Board, upon the first issue of the respective series of convertible financing preference shares. These conditions shall form part of the resolution to issue.
- 40.2. If the number of convertible financing preference shares issued to third parties is less than five per cent of the number of ordinary shares issued to third parties, the Board of Management shall be empowered with the prior approval of the Supervisory Board to convert these convertible financing preference shares into ordinary shares, provided the Board of Management notifies this to the holders of convertible financing preference shares in the

prescribed by law in the custody of the person designated for such purpose by the general meeting.

# Conversion of Convertible Financing Preference Shares.

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- 40.3. If the number of convertible financing preference shares issued to third parties is less than five per cent of the number of ordinary shares issued to third parties, the Board of Management shall be empowered with the prior approval of the Supervisory Board to convert these convertible financing preference shares into ordinary shares, provided the Board of Management notifies this to the holders of convertible financing preference shares in the

manner as described in article 15. The conversion shall become effective on the date of the placing of the respective notices.

# **Transitional Provision.**

## Article 41.

As from the date that the Board of Management of the company has deposited a statement at the trade register that at least one hundred million (100,000,000) shares with a par value of five eurocent (EUR 0.05) have been placed, article 3, paragraph 1 shall read as follows:

The authorized capital of the company is twenty million euro (EUR 20,000,000).

The authorized capital is divided into:

- (i) one hundred and twenty million (120,000,000) ordinary shares, with a nominal value of five euro cent (EUR 0.05) each:
- two hundred million (200,000,000)
   cumulative protective preference shares,
   with a nominal value of five euro cent (EUR 0.05) each, hereinafter called: protective preference shares;
- (iii) forty million (40,000,000) cumulative financing preference shares, with a nominal value of five euro cent (EUR 0.05) each, which can be subdivided into two series of twenty million (20,000,000) cumulative

manner as described in article 15. The conversion shall become effective on the date of the placing of the respective notices.

It is proposed to delete article 41 of the current articles of association, as this transitional provision will no longer be required after the proposed amendments to the authorised share capital have taken effect.

- financing preference shares, series FP1 and FP2, hereinafter called: financing preference shares; and
- (iv) forty million (40,000,000) cumulative convertible financing preference shares, with a nominal value of five euro cent (EUR 0.05) each, which can be subdivided into two series of twenty million (20,000,000) cumulative financing preference shares, series CPA1 and CPA2, hereinafter called: convertible financing preference shares.

For the purpose of these articles the series of financing preference shares and the series of convertible financing preference shares are to be regarded as separate classes of shares.

## Final provisions.

# Article 42.

The following changes shall take effect at the moment legislative proposal 31 763 (amendment of Book 2 of the Civil Code in relation to the revision of rules on management and supervision of management in limited liability companies and private companies with limited liability) enters into force:

 The last sentence of article 20.3 shall be replaced as follows: A managing director shall not participate in the deliberations and voting if he or she has a direct or indirect personal interest that conflicts with the It is proposed to delete article 42 of the current articles of association, as legislative proposal 31 763 (amendment of Book 2 of the Civil Code in relation to the revision of rules on management and supervision of management in limited liability companies and private companies with limited liability) has become effective on 1 January 2013, and therefore article 42 no longer serves any purpose.

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		interest of the company and its enterprise.
		If no decision can be made because all
		managing directors are conflicted as meant
		in the previous sentence, the Supervisory
		Board shall decide. If there is a tie in
		voting, the Supervisory Board shall decide.
	II.	The first sentence of article 21.1 shall read:
		Managing directors shall be appointed by
		the general meeting and with due
		observance of sections 2:132a and 2:166
		Civil Code.
	III.	Article 21.2 second sentence shall be
		replaced by the following sentence:
		Therefore the Board of Management shall
		invite the Supervisory Board to make a
		proposal, which proposal needs to provide
		the name of, and information on, at least
		one person.
	IV.	Article 23.2 shall lapse. The numbering
		"23.1" shall lapse.
	V.	In article 25.1 under c the period at the end
		will be replaced by a semi colon followed
		by the word "and".
	VI.	A new paragraph d will be added to article
		25.1 that shall read as follows:
		d. section 2:132a of the Civil Code
		shall not apply in relation to the
		appointment of supervisory directors.

VII.	The last sentence of article 26.2 shall be		
	replaced as follows: A supervisory director		
	shall not participate in the deliberations and		
	voting if he or she has a direct or indirect		
	personal interest that conflicts with the		
	interest of the company and its enterprise.		
	If no decision can be made because all		
	supervisory directors are conflicted as		
	meant in the previous sentence, the		
	general meeting shall decide. If there is a		
	tie in voting, the general meeting shall		
	decide.		
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